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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta
Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Dr. WAMAN GOPAL'S
SARSAPARILLA
Bombay. 2.

VOL XXV No. 247 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

End Of Emergency Regime In Bombay

Congress Fulfils Election Pledge

All Restrictions & Bans Removed

APPEAL TO PUBLIC FOR CO-OPERATION

POONA, October 18.

A press note states:—

The Government have now cancelled all the remaining orders, either in respect of individuals or organisations, which were imposed under Emergency Laws by the previous Governments in Bombay.

The Government have thus carried out the policy laid down by the Congress Manifesto, as also the assurance given by them in this behalf at the last session of the Assembly.

APPEAL TO PUBLIC

The Congress for the time being has solemnly abjured civil disobedience of laws, and time and again has exhorted Congressmen not to take the law into their hands. It has further undertaken the responsibility of Office in order to further its programme, now that all these restrictions have been removed, the Government ask for the support of the Public while they are carrying out their programme.

Government further desire to maintain an atmosphere of non-violence, and ask for the co-operation of the public to this end. At the same time, Government assure the public that if attempts are made to endanger the peace of the Presidency, it will be the duty of the Government to maintain Law and Order, and this duty the Government are determined to carry out.

The following are the particulars of the cancelled orders against individuals, issued under Section 4 of the Bombay Special (Emergency) Powers Act of 1932, externing them from the Bombay Presidency (except where otherwise stated):—

INDIVIDUALS

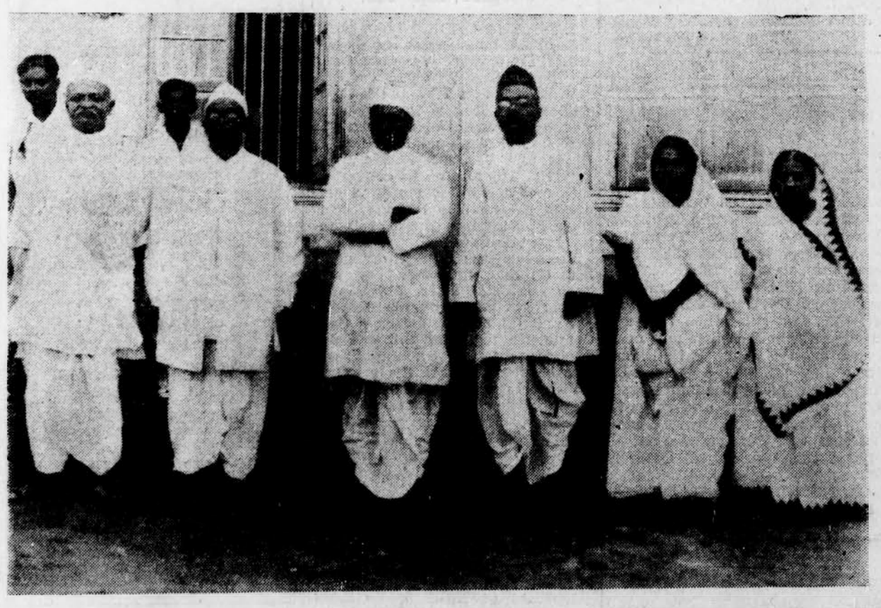
1. P. V. Iyer, alias P. Bharadwaj.
2. S. L. Nag, alias Khoka, son of Mr. R. L. Nag;
3. Balkrishna Bhikaram Sharma;
4. Shivram Bansilal Sharma;
5. Genda Singh, son of Budhsingh;
6. G. M. Mote;
7. A. N. Shetty;
8. Gulam Ahmedkhan Walimohammad Khan;
9. Ramchandra Mangalsingh;
10. M. D. Yusuf Abdulla Khan, alias Santsingh Tarasingh;
11. S. V. Ghate;
12. S. G. Sardesai (externed from the Sholapur District);
13. G. D. Sane (externed from Sholapur District);
14. Dr. G. M. Adhikari (interned in the City of Bijapur);
15. S. V. Deshpande (interned in Ahmednagar City and Cantt);
16. S. S. Mirajkar (interned in Ahmednagar City and Cantt.);
S. G. Pathak (interned in Bombay City).

ASSOCIATIONS

The following associations were affected under Section 16 (I) of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act of 1908:—

1. The Young Workers' League or Tarun Kamkari Sangh, Bombay;
2. The Lalbavta Girnikamgar Union, or Red Girnikamgar Union, Bombay;
3. The Kamgar Vangmayaprasarak Mandal, or the Workers' Literature Publishing Company;
4. The Marxist League, Bombay; and
5. The Mill Mazdoor Union, Ahmedabad.

It may be noted that to-morrow (October 19), it will be exactly three months since Congress took office in Bombay.—A. P.



Minister for Local Self Government Mr. L. M. Patil (centre) attended and addressed the Bombay Suburban Dt. Local Self-Government Conference held at Vile Parle on Sunday. Mr. Haribhau Tulpule presided.

Muslim League Opposes Joint Electorates

"Jinnah's Charter Of Liberty" For All

Peroration At Session's Conclusion

LUCKNOW, Oct. 17.

The first resolution taken up in the open session of the Muslim League, related to change of creed. It was proposed to change it to "establishment in India of full independence in the form of a federation of free democratic states in which the rights and interests of the Muslims and other minorities are adequately and effectively safeguarded in the constitution."

The resolution was passed with acclamation.

"VANDE MATRAM" SONG CONDEMNED

Among the other resolutions passed, one related to the "Vande Matram" song:—

"The meeting strongly condemns the attitude of the Congress in foisting "Vande Matram" as the national anthem upon the country in callous disregard of the feelings of Mussalmans, and considers this song not merely positively anti-Islamic and idolatrous in its inspiration and ideas but definitely subversive of the growth of genuine nationalism in India.

"This meeting further calls upon Mussalman members of the various Legislatures and public bodies in the country not to associate themselves in any manner with the highly objectionable song."

URDU AS 'LINGUA FRANCA'

The following resolution on Urdu was adopted:—

"Whereas Urdu is organically an Indian language" whereas Urdu is the result of an age-long process of inter-action of the cultures of Muslims and Hindus and possesses the capacity, such as no other Indian language does to sustain the cultural thought of both sections; whereas Urdu is spoken and understood as the common language over the greater part of the country and has for reason been styled by foreigners as Hindustani or the language of Hindustan "par excellence"; whereas Urdu is consequently fitted eminently to serve as a powerful means for the development of united nationality among the people of India; and whereas the new language that is being devised, namely, 'Hindi or Hindustani", just to replace Urdu is aggressively artificial in character and is so far removed from the common life and speech of the people that it might rip the structural basis of Urdu, otherwise known as Hindustani, and adversely affect the growth of comradeship between Hindu and Muslim sections of the Indian population.

"The All-India Muslim League calls upon all the Urdu-speaking people of India to make every possible endeavour to safeguard the interests of their language in every field of activity through their educational and other departments of public administration by insisting (1) that in all those parts of the country wherever Urdu is the language of the area the arrangements already in operation for its protection or unhampered use and development shall be upheld by Government; (2) that in all those parts of the country where Urdu is not the predominant language of the area adequate arrangements shall be made for the Urdu speaking sections of it to pursue their education, if they should so desire, through the medium of Urdu, that Urdu shall be prescribed as optional subject in the curricula of state educational institutions and that necessary provision be made for its efficient teaching; and (3) that in all Government offices, courts, legislatures, railway and postal departments facilities shall be afforded for the use of Urdu

"The All-India Muslim League shall make every effort to make Urdu the universal language of India"

The open session of the All-India Muslim League has unanimously opposed the introduction of Federation as embodied in the Government of India Act. Last minute changes last night

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 5)

Opposes

MR. JINNAH'S VAGUE CHARGES

Mr. Asaf Ali Exposes Weak Links

NEW DELHI, October 18.

Referring to Mr. Jinnah's Presidential address at the Muslim League session Mr. Asaf Ali in the course of a Press statement says:

"It has lost much of its weight because of the unrestrained rhetoric and want of data on which he based his general and vague charges against the Congress. The speech contains no concrete programme of the social, economic or political uplift of Indian Mussalmans.

"Regarding the position of Muslims in a Constituent Assembly the assurances of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant that Muslims would be free to elect their representatives through exclusive electorates should not have been passed over by Mr. Jinnah. To do so is unfair and misleading."—United Press.

MINORITIES SAFE IN CONGRESS HANDS

Yakub Hussain On League's Reactionary Leadership

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18.

"I take pride in the fact that I belong to a Ministry which has done the greatest Islamic duty by the enforcement of Prohibition. With that achievement alone I can confidently face Allah" declared the Hon. Mr. Yakub Hussain, Minister of the Madras Government, addressing a public meeting in Azad Park under the auspices of the Delhi Congress Committee, Mr. Asaf Ali M.L.A., (Central) presiding.

Speaking on the Muslim League he said that his fault, for which he had been expelled from the League, was that he had raised his voice against the present reactionary leadership of the League.

He asserted that all legitimate rights of the minorities were safe in Congress hands.—United Press.

JINNAH FOR PATNA

PATNA, October 18.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah is arriving in Patna on October 26 to address mass meetings organised under the auspices of the Provincial Muslim League on October 26 and 27.—United Press.

Guardians Of The Gateway Of India

Congress President's Tribute To "Brave Comrades" Of Frontier

PESHAWAR, October 18.

"The freedom of India has no stouter soldiers, no braver defenders and to have comrades such as these is a joyous privilege and rare delight. Guardians of the gateway of India, they are also foremost among fighters and guardians of our national freedom. They can learn much from the more sophisticated people of other provinces. But others can also learn much of courage and brave endurance and splendid discipline and freedom from narrow sectarianism from these dear comrades of ours in the North".

Thus says Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the course of a statement issued on his Frontier tour, prior to leaving the province to-day.

(Full statement in our next issue)

Congress News

Tackling Labour Problem

Plans To Evolve Uniform Policy For All Provinces

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

A meeting of the Labour Sub-Committee appointed by the Congress Working Committee will be held here on October 25 next, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presiding.

Besides the six members of the Working Committee this meeting will be attended by the seven Ministers in-charge of Labour Portfolio in the seven Congress provinces as well as by the seven Parliamentary Secretaries to them.

It is understood that this meeting will discuss the situation arising out of Labour unrest over a considerable part of the country and try to evolve a uniform policy which Congress Ministries should follow in tackling various problems relating to industrial and agrarian labour in their respective provinces.

A. I. C. C. AND WORKING COMMITTEE.

It has been provisionally decided that the first meeting of the Working Committee will commence at 2 p.m. on October 26 and the meeting of the A. I. C. C. at 1-30 p.m. on October 29 next.—United Press.

NO ADMISSION TO PRESS

Gandhiji Explains Educational Conference Difficulties

WARDHA, Oct. 18.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"Requests have been made by newspapers and press agencies for admission tickets to the forthcoming Educational conference.

I am sorry to have to refuse them, as accommodation is limited, and as the resolutions of the Conference, if any, will be issued to the Press with, if possible, a brief official summary of the proceedings.

The presence of Press reporters is likely to interfere with a heart to heart exchange of views for which this Conference has been convened.—A. P.

GANDHIJI TO VISIT FRONTIER?

PESHAWAR, Oct. 18.

Though no confirmation is yet available, report is current here that Mahatma Gandh will visit the Frontier early next month, after the A.-I. C. C. meeting at Calcutta.

Gandhiji proposes, it is said, to stay in the Frontier for a period extending to three months and lead a normal life in Utmanzai, the village home of the "Frontier Gandhi".

It is understood Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru intends visiting the Frontier again in December next. He also intends, it is said, going to Kashmir on brief holiday. Before coming to the Frontier, Panditji proposes to go to Assam, where he has not been so far.—United Press.

Heavy Fighting On Aragon Front

Heavy Losses For Govt: Insurgent Success In Asturias

LONDON, October 18.

On the Aragon Front where there has been heavy fighting for the last few days Government attacks on Insurgent positions fifteen miles east of Saragossa were repulsed with heavy losses, according to a Salamanca Communique.

It is stated that the Insurgents yesterday buried 355 men of the Government army who were dead and that another 150 bodies can be seen in Noman's land.

A Valencia Communique admits further Insurgent successes in Asturias.

Grandi's Suggestion Ridiculed

VALENCIA.—Sgr. Grandi's suggestion of withdrawal of equal numbers of foreign volunteers from Spain is ridiculed here on the ground that it would leave the Insurgents overwhelmingly superior in volunteers.

It is claimed that Government volunteers do not exceed 15,000 while 110 thousand Italian troops are fighting for General Franco.

The International Brigade is being dissolved as a separate unit and absorbed in the Regular Spanish Government Army.—Reuter's Special.

Fr. Premier Receives Soviet Ambassador

PARIS, Oct. 18.

M. Chautemps received the Soviet Ambassador this morning it is understood, chiefly in connection with the question of the withdrawal of volunteers from Spain.—Reuter.

ARREST OF MR. BHASHYAM

BANGALORE, Oct. 18

In the Mysore Representative Assembly to-day the Dewan-President disallowed a motion given notice of by some members to discuss the question of the arrest on 16th October of K. T. Bhashyam, the Dictator of the Council of action of the Mysore State Congress Board, and a Member of this House.—A. P.

More Troops For Tripoli

NAPLES, Oct. 17.

Two thousand troops belonging to the Twenty-first Army Corps left for Tripoli by the transport "Toscania."

BIG POPULAR FRONT GAINS

PARIS, Oct. 18.

Big Popular Front gains are the feature of cantonal elections the final round of which was contested yesterday.

Socialists gained 71 seats and Communists 31. While Radical Socialists lost 42.

Among the Opposition parties, Independent Radicals lost 26 and Left Republicans 34.—Reuter's Special.

NANKING, Oct. 18.

The Chinese Foreign Minister has announced Chinese acceptance of the invitation to the Far Eastern Conference at Brussels.

HOUSES BLOWN BY SAPPERS

Palestine Govt.'s Vindictive Measures Against Villagers

JERUSALEM, Oct. 18.

Sporadic shootings continue in Palestine.

Meanwhile, the Government's determination not to allow the present state of terrorist outrages to assume wider proportions is reflected in recent measures against the disturbers of Law and Order.

As a result of the derailment of the train on October, 15, the military Sappers have blown up houses in two neighbouring villages, while two houses have also been destroyed in the Arab Town Lydda as a retaliatory measure for arson in Lydda airport.

The inhabitants of Lydda are only allowed to emerge from their houses for two hours daily to buy food and graze their animals.—Reuter's Special.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted.—A cultured and accomplished bride for an up-country well settled Brahmin youth of 22 with liberal views (income about Rs. 100 p.m.). Apply Box No. 9242, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted.—B. Ts., S. Tcs., B. As., B. Scs., Matrics teachers. Decent salary. Provident fund scheme. Post Box 106, Ahmedabad. (9245)

Wanted immediately a B. Ag. experienced in sugarcane Plantation. Pay according to experience. Terms settled on appointment. Apply to or see personally at own expenses the Manager, Belvandi Sugar Farm Ltd., P. O. Belvandi-Sugar-Farm. Dist. Ahmednagar, (D. M. Line, G. I. P.). (7077)

Wanted a qualified and experienced Educationist, well acquainted with the Modern System of Education as Head Master Natwar High School Raigarh on Rs. 150—5—200 p.m. An M.A. in English and Sanskrit and a sportsman will be preferred. Apply to the Ruling Chief, Raigarh State (E. S. A.) upto 15th November, 1937. (7076)

44. SPARE TIME WORK

Wanted spare time clerks to despatch catalogues samples for American concern. Decent remuneration. Materials free. Apply with As. 9. entrance. Success service, Tuticorin. (9246)

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale: Steam Engines: Harvey—45 B. H. P., Tangye—45 B. H. P. and Ward—90 B. H. P. all in perfect running order. Massey-Cane-Crusher: Crushing capacity 5 to 6 tons per hour. Quite new with cane-carrier complete. Good opportunity for Gul manufacturers. Boiling and Cooling Pans for gul-making available. A Marine-type Multitubular Boiler, complete with M. S. Chimney, 30" dia, 52 feet long. Other machinery parts such as pullies, gear wheels, water-separator, steam-pipes, etc. are also available. Write or see the Manager. Belvandi Sugar Farm Ltd., P. O. Belvandi-Sugar-Farm, Dist. Ahmednagar, (D. M. Line, G. I. P.). (7078)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

For Sale. Plots of land varying from Rs. 750 to Rs. 200 and having areas 3/4 acre and less available for residential purposes in new suburb of Muttra named Dible Nagar. The area will be developed by the Municipal Board and all modern conveniences provided. The site is on either side of the main road to Goverdhan and is close to the famous Jain temple of Chaurasi and the Bhuteshwar Railway Station. Climate exceptionally fine. Unique opportunity for those who want to settle down in Brajbhumi. Apply for details and terms to Chairman, Municipal Board, Muttra. **Muttra, the 17th September, 1937.** (9216)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

TRADE MARK CAUTION-NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that we; the ARVIND MILLS LIMITED, having our Registered Office at Naroda Road, Ahmedabad, are the owners and Sole Proprietors of the following well-known Trade Marks:—

(1) 101, (2) R 101, (3) 3211, (4) Bangvir, (5) Holiday, (6) B. 77, (7) A.P. 72, (8) Pearl Twill, (9) Light of Asia, (10) 25000, (11) 666, (12) Zigomar, (14) Manranjan 507, (15) Maya, (16) Good-Bye, (17) Give & Take, (18) Manranjan 601, (19) Premlila, (20) Rajarani, (21) Vanraj, (22) Pundrik, (23) Hansa, (24) Parker, (25) Solicitor 558, (26) 655, (27) 659, (28) 669, (29) 600, (30) Sir Dinesh, (31) 701, (32) Pragtinapanthe, (33) Kashmiribulbul, (34) Sen-Gupta, (35) Luxury. (36) Lotus, (37) Gulbadan, (38) Biradar, (39) Amar Jyoti, (40) Silver Town, (41) Derby, (42) Tofan Mail, (43) Punjab Mail, (44) Taranhar, (45) Bang Beauty, (46) Golden Lotus, (47) Sleeping Beauty. (48) "Arvind Ghose" photo card, (49) "Arvind Ka Ekka" Golden embossed photo, (50) "Arvind Mills' View" golden embossed photo joint with "Arvind Ghose" embossed photo, (51) "Buy Arvind Fabrics" Golden embossed label.

The aforesaid Trade Marks have been in use for a period ranging from the year 1932 to 1937 are applied to cotton textile goods manufactured by our Mills, and they are wellknown in the market.

A Declaration in respect of these Trade Marks has been registered in India, and ANY FRAUDULENT USE OR INFRINGEMENT THEREOF WILL BE DEALT WITH ACCORDING TO LAW.

NAROTTAM LALBHAI & CO.,
Agents,
The Arvind Mills, Limited.
Ahmedabad, 20th Aug. 1937.
7075.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTIFICATION.

DEBENTURE HOLDERS are informed that the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay, has been appointed Agents of the Municipal Corporation for the repayment of the Bombay Improvement Trust 6 1/2 per cent Debenture Loan of 1931 for Rs 30 lakhs DUE ON 1ST NOVEMBER, 1937.

DEBENTURES WILL CEASE TO CARRY INTEREST FROM 1ST NOVEMBER, 1937 and will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the aforesaid Bank. Debentures enfaced for payment of interest at Calcutta will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta.

(Sd.) I. H. TAUNTON.
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices.
Bombay, 24th September, 1937.
6939.

Public Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of policy numbered 6347 on the life of Mr. ASHABHAI MOTIBHAI AMIN, a duplicate will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

MANAGER,
The Asian Assurance Co. Ltd.,
Bombay.
(9249)

NOTICE.

TENDERS for distillation and supply of Country Liquor in Ajmer-Merwara during the 3 years commencing from 1st April 1938 are required.

For particulars apply to:—
THE COLLECTOR OF EXCISE REVENUE,
Ajmer-Merwara, Ajmer.
7081.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned Jal Noshirwan Billimoria and Bai BANOO MINOO BILPODIWALLA, carrying on business as Chemists, Druggists and Provision Merchants at Tram Terminus, Dadar, Bombay under the firm name and style of "Bill & Co." has been DISSOLVED by mutual consent as from the 4th December, 1935, and since then the said business has been and is now continued by the said Bai Banoo Minoo Bilpodiwalla as the sole Proprietress under the same business name and style and the said Jal Noshirwan Billimoria continues as the Manager thereof.

Dated this 19th day of October. 1937.

JAL NOSHIRWAN BILLIMORIA,
BANOO MINOO BILPODIWALLA.
(9247)

Legal Notices

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF KURNOOL

I.P. 80 of 1931 M. P. 245 of 1936.
In the matter of Insolvency of Nallagatla Narasuramiah, Malkireddi Puka Reddi
..... Petitioner

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Malkireddi Puka Reddi of Jangalapaki, Cuddapah District, a creditor filed the above petition to include his pronote debt in the schedule framed by the Official Receiver of Kurnool. The case is posted to 29-10-37 for notice to 12 creditor Marwadi Vannaji Phoolchand of Nandyal and he may on or before that date file his objections, if any, either in person or by a pleader, otherwise the matter will be decided ex parte.

V. RATHNASABHAPATTIAH,
Advocate for Petitioner Kurnool,
Kurnool, 15-10-37.
7082.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of SUBHADRABAI, alias KERUBAI, wife of Gajanan Vinayak Javle of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at the time of her death in Ganga Niwas, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay: ..... Deceased.

SADANAND GAJANAN JAVLE, also of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, employed in the Imperial Bank of India, Ltd., residing at Ganganiwas, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay, the son of the said deceased, Sole Executor, named in the said Will: ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice of Bombay aforesaid, this 5th day of October in the year of our Lord One Thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary &
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 5th day of October, 1937.
Petitioner-in-Person.
7073

Public Notices

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Demonstrator in Chemistry at the Elphinstone College, Bombay, on a fixed pay of Rs. 100 p.m.

Intending candidates will receive on application further particulars regarding the conditions of appointment, etc. from the Principal, Elphinstone College, Bombay.

Applications for the post must reach the undersigned not later than 25th, October, 1937.

G. B. JATHAR,
Principal.
Elphinstone College,
Bombay, 15th, October, 1937.
7074.

NOTICE.

THE PROVIDENT INSURANCE SOCIETY, KARACHI.

AN EXTRA-ORDINARY MEETING of the members of the Family Relief Fund and Veterans Fund will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 27th instant at 6 P.M. at the Khalikdina Hall, Bunder Road, to consider the proposal of the Board of Directors to wind up the Family Relief and Veterans Funds under rule No. 116 and/or to convert it into regular Life scheme and give option to members for converting their Policies into those of Regular Life Assurance

Proposals received from members (1) that those members who have not paid after 31st March should not be considered defaulters and (2) for appointing a Sub-Committee for going into the financial position of the Funds, will also be placed before the meeting.

Members are requested to kindly show their pass books at the entrance.

DURGDAS B. ADVANI,
Managing Director.
12th October, 1937.
7079.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GAJANAN VINAYAK JAYKAR NAGESH VINAYAK JAYKAR and MOTIRAM VINAYAK JAYKAR have contracted to sell to my client the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at Top Floor, Narmadabal Building, Bhimrao Atmaram's Wadi, Thakurdwar Road within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land together with messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Kiln Lane (Lamington Road) in the Town and Island and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 318 sq. yds or thereabouts (but according to Cadastral Survey Register 266.77 Sq Yds) registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other property under Collector's Old Nos. 83 and 459, New Nos. 13582, 13977 and 1327, Old Survey No. 190 and New Survey No. 1 & 2/7363 Cadastral Survey No. 1258 of Girgaon Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1797 (4F) Street No. 11 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Manishanker Krishnarao Rele on or towards the West partly by the property of Narayan Anant Deasi (Topiwale) and partly by the property of the Trustees of the Seth Jethanand Trust, on or towards the North by the property of Hareshwar Mahadeo Pandit and on or towards the South by the said Kiln Lane.

Dated this 18th day of October, 1937.

A. S. DESAI,
Purchaser's Advocate.
7080.

Auction Sales

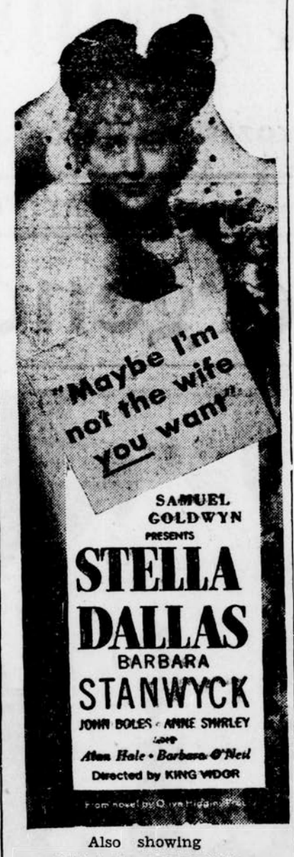
MENESSE & CO.
AT 1-30 P.M. (S. T.)
AUCTION SALE OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION, SWORDS, DAGGERS, KNIVES, CARTRIDGES, ETC.

And at 2 p.m. (S. T.)
Clothing, Perfumery, Silk, Wines and Spirits, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Saccharine, etc.

In accordance with sections 167 and 88 of the Sea Customs Act 8 of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay. Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 26th October, 1937, at the abovementioned time at the new Customs House, Ballard Road, the abovementioned Unclaimed and Confiscated Goods, belonging to the Government Customs' Department.

MENESSE & CO.

NEW EMPIRE
Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.



SAMUEL GOLDWYN PRESENTS
STELLA DALLAS
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With the release of the latest PRABHAT film, "THE UNEXPECTED" at the KRISHNA, the same stormy scenes of surging crowds are being witnessed at the theatre as marked the release of the former successes "Amrit Manthan," "Amar Jyoti" and "Dharmatma," all directed by V. SHANTARAM.
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(DUNIYA-NA-MANE?)
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GANDHIJI'S REQUEST TO SARAT BOSE

"Save Me From Public Demonstrations"

KURSEONG, Oct. 17.

In a letter to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Gandhiji says:—

"I have your affectionate letter. Of course, God willing, I am coming to Calcutta. I am not fit for meetings and discussions. I have a limited amount of energy which I would love to use whilst I am there, for the detenu cause as also for questions that may crop up at the Working Committee meetings. For myself, I shall gladly be under your roof and have you as my guard against too many visitors and unnecessary interviews. You will also please save me from public demonstrations and meetings."—A.P.

Khots Wait Upon The Bombay Revenue Minister

POONA, Oct. 16.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar's Bill proposing to abolish the Khoti System, for which leave was granted to be introduced in the last session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, appears to have caused stir among the Khots of the province.

A deputation representing the Khots and Zamindars' Sabha, Ratnagiri, and including Mr. Gopal Waman Pandit, Khot of Kelavani, Mr. Manohar Parsharam Pittre, Khote of Sonawade, Mr. Vishnu Gopal Bal, Khot of Ladghar and many other Khots besides Mr. J. V. Joshi, Secretary, Khots and Zamindars' Sabha, Ratnagiri, waited upon the Hon. Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Revenue Minister, on Saturday morning.

The deputationists strongly protested against the proposed abolition of Khoti System and said that many of the alleged grievances against the Khots were ill-founded or highly exaggerated.

The Revenue Minister said in reply that he would carefully consider the representation made by the deputationists.—A.P.

A meeting of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee will be held at Buldana on October 24 under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. P. B. Gole, Revenue Minister of the C. P.

The Hon. Mr. Latthe, Finance Minister, Bombay, will attend the Peasants' Conference at Shenoli on October 19.

Kidneys Must Clean Out Acids

The only way your body can clean out health-destroying Acids from your blood is through nine million tiny Kidney tubes or filters, but beware of cheap, drastic, irritating drugs. Weak Kidneys usually are the real cause of Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Swollen Ankles, Rheumatism, Backache, Dizziness, Circles Under the Eyes, Dry, muddy Skin, Acidity, Burning, Smarting, or Lost Vigour. Don't take chances. Get the Doctor's prescription (Sias-tex) at chemists. £1,000 deposited with Westminster Bank, London, backs up Cystex Guarantee to bring new vitality in 48 hours, make you feel well and 10 years younger in 8 days or money back on return of empty package. Demand Cystex.

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In Miss Mayo's Country

One Out Of Every 29 Citizens Is A Criminal, According To Official Statistics

Speaking last Sunday evening at the United Lodge of Theosophists on "The Greatest of All Wars". Sophia Wadia cited some startling figures on the prevalence of crime in the U.S.A The source of her information was semi-official, a recent series of articles in "This Week", written by Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Washington. His purpose in making the facts public was not to alarm his fellow-citizens but to let them know the seriousness of the situation.

These are some of the statistics Mr. Hoover presents about conditions in the home-land of Miss Katherine Mayo, who only a few years ago came all the way to India to point out to us and to broadcast to the world that our house was not in order and that our people needed reform:—

CRIME STATISTICS

One and one-half million major crimes are committed every year in the U.S.A., an average of one every twenty-four seconds; and 14,000,000 minor crimes, not including traffic violations, which would raise the total to a staggering figure.

One out of every 29 citizens of the U. S. A. is a criminal. The crime army is made up of 4,300,000 recognized criminals, men, women and children—for numerous children and young people are found in its ranks.

Three out of every four people in the U. S. A. are potential victims of crime.

ANNUAL CRIME BILL.

The annual bill for dealing with crime in the U. S. A. is given as dol. 15,000,000,000. Meeting it from current taxes would add dol. 120 a year to the tax per person in the U. S. A.—a per capita tax average derably in excess of the average per capita income in India. An idea of the magnitude of this expenditure on crime is conveyed by the statement that the annual expenditure by the U. S. A. for education is less than a fifth of this sum, or only dol. 2,500,000,000 while on public health only dol. 75,000,000 is expended

Mrs. Sophia Wadia cited these figures to show how serious is the state of virtual warfare in the modern world, even aside from the fact that no year since the Great War ended has been free from actual fighting on some part of the globe.

Mr. V. D. Rishi, the well-known spiritualist of Bombay, and his wife snapped on arrival from Europe on Monday.

DURGA PUJA IN BOMBAY NORTH

Bengalis Celebrate With Great Eclat

The Bengali residents of Bombay North celebrated the Durga Puja at Parel this year with great eclat. A beautifully modelled image was brought all the way from Benares and every day hundreds of Bengalis—men, women and children—from all parts of the City thronged in a tastefully decorated pandal to have a "darshan" of the image.

This being the grandest festival of the Bengalis, they left nothing to make the celebration a huge success. During the five days it lasted, there were dramatic performances every night in which both amateur and professional actors vied with one another to make the shows as entertaining as possible. They staged "Manmoyee Boys School," "Sindhu Gourab," "Chandra Gupta," "Kubja and Darjee" (by the children of the Anglo-Bengali School), and "Bejay Ragor" one after the other during five succeeding days. Several medals were awarded to successful performers.

There was a dinner party too in which hundreds participated without any distinction of caste or sect.

On the Dussera day, the Image was taken in procession through Parel Road, Vincent Road and Tilak Bridge to the Mahim Beach for immersion.

Then there was a Bejaya Sammelan. Mr. J. C. Maitra, a vice-President of the Managing Committee, expressed the grateful thanks of his Committee to all those who had helped to make the function a great success. Among the workers who had worked untiringly and zealously he made special mention of Mr. A. K. Das Gupta, the General Secretary, Messrs. J. M. Lala and T M. Sen, Jt. Secretaries, and Mr. B. D. Chatterjee. The names of Mr. P. Roy and N. L. Banerjee were also mentioned for their valuable services in connection with the construction of the pandal and the "Pratima" respectively. Among the ladies, Mrs. P Chatterjee, Mrs. B. N. Sen and Mrs. S Guha came in for particular mention at his hands.

In the end, Mr. Maitra expressed the hope that the Puja will be celebrated at one place only from next year. If his brethren in the Southern part of the City agreed to the proposed arrangement of holding the Puja in the Northern and Southern sections of the City in alternate years, the question would be happily solved. For the sake of unity everybody ought to suffer a little inconvenience. He appealed to all to help to bring about this happy consummation.

The celebration came to a close after the exchange of the usual "Bejaya" greetings and distribution of sweets.

What time is it by your Stomach?

If *before* meals you have no longing for food—if *during* meals you are afraid to eat the things you like, and if *after* meals you feel bloated, or distressed, have heartburn or stomach pains, here is a quick, easy way to make your stomach happy. Just dissolve one or two

Alka-Seltzer

effervescent tablets in a glass of water and drink it. How eased and happy you will feel almost immediately.

You have never tried anything like ALKA-SELTZER, because nothing like it has ever before been accomplished. It does two very important things at once. It relieves what pain you have quickly, and it corrects the excess acid that causes most stomach troubles. You'll be surprised and delighted at the prompt soothing relief ALKA SELTZER gives to a suffering stomach

What is more, if you have headaches colds, neuralgic or rheumatic pains these pains will first disappear and the feeling of relief will amaze you. Your first trial will prove this true. It is guaranteed

ALKA-SELTZER is not a laxative so you can take it as often as you like without inconvenience.

A TYPIST SAYS:

"There is nothing like ALKA-SELTZER tablets for Headache and that terrible let-down feeling during the late afternoon. After staying late at a party two ALKA SELTZER tablets clear the cobwebs from my brain and prepare me for another day at the office."

At all Chemists in two convenient sizes. Try it today

If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs 2- for large size, or Re. 1- for small size with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd. 8 Wittet Road, Bombay.

DISTRICT GRAND SECRETARY HONOURED

(From A Correspondent)

The installation meeting of Lodge Holmesdale in the East of Mark Master Masons No. 72 E. C. was held at the Freemasons Hall, Bombay on Tuesday last when Worshipful Brother Major Sohrab R. Bamji, F.R.S.A., J.P., was installed as the Worshipful Master.

Deputation was headed by his deputy, Very Worshipful Brother Sohrab R. Davar, Bar-at-Law, J. P., The installation ceremony was performed jointly by some of the past Masters of the Lodge.

Worshipful Brother Khan Bahadur Pallonji N. Davar, J. P., who is the District Grand Secretary, and also a member of the Lodge Holmesdale, was presented by the members of the Lodge with a very handsome and expensive clock, and a silver key fitted in a handsome velvet case, for his long and meritorious services for 28 years as a Treasurer of the Lodge. The newly Installed Worshipful Master Wor. Brother Bamji, in requesting the Deputy District Grand Master to present the above named articles, spoke in a very high terms about Bro. Davar, and said that he had been a member of the Lodge for 36 years out of which he had served as a Treasurer for 28 years. The Lodge Holmesdale in the East is the Premier Mark Lodge was founded by very prominent European Masons of the time Bro. James Gibbs, Joseph Rankine Stabbing, Fredrick Binckes and Hodgson Shuttleworth.

The Lodge is named after the Grand Master of Mark Masters in England of the time, most Worshipful William Archer Amherst, Viscount Holmesdale, M. P. The Deputy District Grand Master Very Worshipful Bro. Davar endorsed what Bro. Bamji had stated and expressed his great pleasure in having the opportunity to present the souvenirs to such a distinguished Mason as Bro. Davar.

A group photograph of the members of the Lodge and the Grand Lodge was taken, after which a very sumptuous banquet was served. A number of the Mark Master Masons were present as guests. After the usual toast of the King-Emperor and other obligatory toasts were drunk the toast of the Newly Installed Master Wor. Bro. Bamji was proposed by the Deputy District Grand Master in flattering terms, to which Bro. Bamji replied at some length in a somewhat humorous way.

EDITOR HAULED UP FOR ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT

BOMBAY, Monday.

Three applications filed by the Government Pleader in respect of alleged contempt of Court were admitted to-day by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court.

The respondent in the case is Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, who is also the editor and published of "Ek Jut," a Marathi weekly newspaper published at Sholapur.

It was alleged by the Government Pleader that three separate issues of the journal contained statements which amounted to contempt of the Sessions Court, Sholapur.

A supplement to the journal dated September 9 last, contained it is alleged, comments and insinuations of partiality against the Sessions Judge.

In the issue of the journal dated August 30, there was a supplement which related to an order of the Court dismissing an application for bail made on behalf of the accused who was sentenced by the First Class City Magistrate, Sholapur. The supplement contained statements which were calculated to prejudice the administration of justice.

The third application was in respect of some comments published in the issue of September 20. These comments, it was stated, contained an unjustifiable criticism of the judgment in appeal and an attack on the impartiality of the Judge.

40 GAMING ARRESTS AT WEEK-END

Forty persons were arrested in the course of gaming raids carried out by the Police in Bombay during the week-end.

All the accused persons were put up before the Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court. The Magistrate extended their bail period.

BUS & LORRY-OWNERS ORGANISE

Bombay Provincial Association Formed

(From A Correspondent)

A meeting of bus and lorry-owners from different parts of the Bombay Presidency was held in the premises of the Bombay Garage, Chowpatty, on Sunday last to inaugurate the formation of "The Bombay Provincial Bus and Lorry-Owners Association".

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Nurmahomed M. Chinoy.

The meeting passed an unanimous resolution establishing "The Bombay Provincial Bus and Lorry-Owners Association".

Mr. M. N. Talpade, was elected first President of the Association.

Other business transacted at the meeting included the adoption of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and the election of the first Committee. Mr. D. T. Shidore, President of the Chhatrapati Motor Association, Poona, was elected Vice-President.

Mr. M. N. Talpade then addressed the meeting.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to Mr. Nurmahomed M. Chinoy proposed by Mr. K. V. Bandal, a member of the newly elected Committee.

HAWKERS TO MUSTER STRONG AT CONFERENCE

Under the auspices of the Bombay Hawkers' Union two propaganda meetings were held on Sunday evening one at Chowpatty, and another at Kazi Moholla, Null Bazar, Messrs Nimbkar, Mahomed Gani, M.A. Azad, A M Noorani and others appealed to the audience to rally round the Union Banner and muster strong for the procession and conference on coming Friday. The present was the most auspicious time for all of them to press for their grievances and get them redressed.

Hawking is the profession which relieves unemployment to some extent and serves a useful purpose of the community by supplying them goods at their doors. There was a great enthusiasm at the meeting and all promised to make the hartal, the procession and the conference on the coming Friday a great success.

Gurukul Saraswati Sammelan

(From A Correspondent)

SURAT (By Mail).

The Surat Hindu Gurukul celebrated the Saraswati Sammelan from the 10th to the 12th inst. under the Presidentship of Principal J. G. Shah. Prof. M. P. Dave, Chairman Reception Committee welcomed the representatives from Gujarat. A small exhibition of Hindu religious publications was also arranged. Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai G. Naik M. L. C. distributed the prizes.

MEDICOS' DINNER TO DR. GILDER.

The medical profession in Bombay is entertaining the Hon. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister of Health and Excise, to a Dinner on Sunday (the 7th November), under the auspices of the Medical Association, Bombay North, All-India Medical Licentiates' Association, Bombay Branch, Indian Medical Association, Bombay Branch

Those desirous of joining should communicate with Dr. S. G. Vengsarkar, Khot's Building, Tilak Bridge, Dadar.

Telegrams To Spain China And Japan

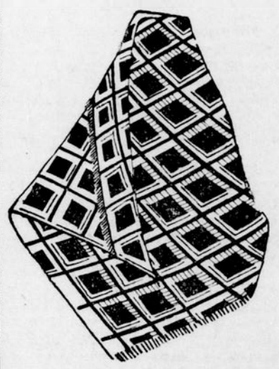
BOMBAY.

Code Telegrams for Nationalist Spain are accepted on condition that the code used is deposited with the Censorship Authorities in Spain Code telegrams are subject to considerable delay

Shanghai-Nagasaki Cable has been restored.—A. P

A Golden Opportunity for a Few Days

Divali Concession



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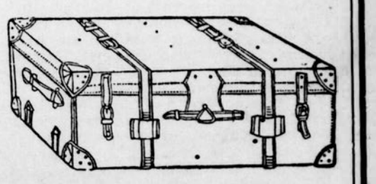

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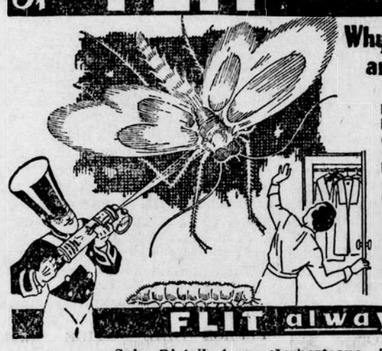

Why use worthless "insecticides" on moths and risk damage to your clothes!

Flit is most deadly to insects because it contains a combination of killing agents found in no other insecticide. Flit spray does not stain and is harmless to humans and animals. Beware of all substitutes that masquerade under the name of Flit. Each Flit tin is sealed to protect you from fraudulent refilling. Always insist on the famous yellow tin with the Flit soldier and black band—your guarantee of getting the one and only Flit.

FLIT always KILLS!

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Minister Opens Park At Parla

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

Mr. L. M. Patil Minister for Local Self-Government and Industries, paid a visit to Vile Parle on Sunday morning. After an informal talk with the members of the Municipality, the Minister proceeded to the Public Park on Malaviya Road where a large gathering which included the Collector and the 'elite' of the town greeted him.

In requesting him to declare the Park open Mr. De Mello referred to the Park on the western side of the town which was opened only last year and hoped that similar parks would also be opened in Andheri where people lived in more congested areas and needed fresh air.

Mr. Patil, in declaring the Park open, referred to the recent circular of Government in which they had asked for views of the public on the various questions affecting local self-government in the Presidency with a view to enable Government to overhaul the existing machinery. There were four outstanding questions to be tackled viz. widened franchise, joint or separate electorates nominations and powers of local bodies in the matter of raising the requisite funds to carry on the administration. Although the demand for adult franchise was heard from all sides, it was problematical whether they could get men and women with the requisite capacity and understanding to handle public questions on these local bodies. On the question of Joint versus Separate electorates, there was also a strong difference of opinion.

With regard to nominations, the Minister said he was not sure whether that power which was hitherto utilised in bringing in minority interest and expert guidance to the administration of local bodies was to be done away with. There was also the question of instituting a special cadre for municipal employees as on account of party and communal friction, the fate of the permanent staff was always in the balance. He and his Government had not come to any decision in the matter and he, therefore advised the public to think dispassionately over these problems and submit their considered views to Government at an early date. Then they would be able to gauge public opinion correctly and arrive at a decision fair to all parties and interests. He thanked the Municipality for inviting him and performing that pleasing ceremony of opening a Public Park.

Mr. Dikshit, in proposing a vote of thanks to the Minister, announced a number of gifts like benches, swings etc. to be placed in the Garden for the use of the children. A donor came forward with a donation of Rs. 3,000 for purchasing an additional plot as the present one was not enough for the growing population of this area.

Music followed by light refreshments terminated the proceedings of the function.

AROUND THE COURT

BOMBAY, Monday.

On a charge of driving a car rashly and negligently along Sion crossway and causing fatal injuries to Rajai Paaonai, A. G. Gilbert was arrested this morning by the Kingsway Police and was produced before Mr. Khambatta at the Dadar Court. He was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 500, till 1st November.

S. M. Mason, a salesman of Bestolite Co., was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on a charge of misappropriation.

The accused was stated to have misappropriated Rs. 1,534, which he had collected from the constituents of the firm.

Hormusji Pestonji Mistri, aged 61, was committed to stand his trial at the ensuing criminal sessions of the Bombay High Court by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on a charge of theft

The accused has eleven previous convictions and all for theft. According to the police, during the last 37 years, he was in jail for nearly 25 years.

The Magistrate addressing the accused said:—You had been in jail for nearly 23 years"

Accused:—No, your worship I had been in jail for 30 years.

The accused was arrested on October 7 at Flora Fountain by the traffic regulator who, it is alleged found the accused picking the pocket of Ardeshir Hormusji Bulsara.

Unkhai Tootung, was arrested this morning at the Bombay Central Station by Inspector Hudson and Rao Saheb Shete of the Bombay Excise.

It appears that U. Tootung had gone to fetch a large quantity of opium from certain states in Central India and Rajputana. A close watch was kept at all the stations and when the Delhi Express arrived at Bombay Central a Chinaman was seen alighting from the train. He was detained and his baggage searched but nothing incriminating was found. On examining his person, four pounds of illicit contraband opium was, it is stated, found concealed about his clothes.

He was placed this morning before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, who ordered him to be released on a bail of Rs. 300.

A man believed to be a member of the American crew, was knocked down by a motor lorry at Suklaji Street on Monday night. He is now lying in a serious condition at the J. J. Hospital. The Nagpada Police are making inquiries.

Kasturbhai Jetalal was run over and killed by a train at Reay Road on Monday morning and was brought to the morgue the same night. His body was cut up in twain. The Railway Police are making inquiries.

Anglo-Urdu School At Jalgaon

A committee, consisting of Messrs. S. M. Hussan, M. L. A., H. S. Tadvi, Inayat Hussain Kamruddin, Rustomkha Itbarkha, Haji Ahmed Daud Usman, Dr K. A. Hamid and Kazi Tafzulali, has been appointed in East Khandesh to spread Muslim education in the district. The committee will start an Anglo-Urdu school at Jalgaon.

Nineteen prisoners, including three repatriated political prisoners, arrived in Calcutta from the Andamans by the s.s. "Maharaja" on Saturday. All of them were taken to Alipore jail.

Call To Congress President And A. I. C. C.

Bombay Keralites Protest Against Arrest Of Batliwalla And Krishna Pillai: Defence Committee Formed

A largely attended public meeting of the Keralites of Bombay was held on Sunday evening in the Arya-Samaj Hall, Matunga, to protest against the arrest of Mr. S. S. Batliwalla and Mr. P. Krishna Pillai who is a member of the A. I. C. C. and also of twenty-seven tile workers of Calicut from whom securities have been demanded for good behaviour.

Mrs. C. P. Menon presided.

Mr. V. P. C. Nayanar who moved the first resolution, condemning the action of the Madras Government expressed the fear that the Madras Government was launching a war on labourers and on civil liberties.

Mr. Paithal, who has just arrived from Calicut, in a stirring speech protested against the encroachments on civil liberties and pleaded with the audience to stand by those workers in Kerala who were giving all their time and energy for national work.

PAINFUL EVENTS

Mr. P. Balan moved the next resolution inviting the attention of the Congress President and the forthcoming A. I. C. C. meeting at Calcutta to the recent tendency in the Congress Ministries to restrict civil liberties on the unsustainable plea of local differences and changed circumstances.

Speaking at length in support of the motion, another speaker traced the circumstances that preceded the acceptance of office by Congress and justified the Socialists' fears about office acceptance. The use of Section 124A came for vehement criticism at the hands of the speaker who quoted Gandhiji as calling that Section as "the Prince among repressive Sections of the Penal Code." The action of the Madras Government in arresting Mr. Batliwalla and Mr. Krishna Pillai was painful. Comrades of yesterday in the battle for independence, he felt distressed in having to protest against their action while the fundamental struggle was only gathering momentum. The dangerous tendency in Congress Ministries should be checked before it assumed larger proportions and he hoped that the A. I. C. C. at Calcutta would apply the corrective.

CALL TO WORKING COMMITTEE

A third resolution requesting the Congress Working Committee to instruct the Congress Ministers to adhere closely to the Election Manifesto and respect the elementary civil liberties of the people in the Congress provinces, was then moved by Mr. K. B. Paniker. Dr. K. B. Menon, Secretary of the Indian Civil Liberties Union, supported the resolution. He expressed concern at some of the actions of the Madras and Bombay Ministries. It was the duty of the State, he claimed, to uphold the rights of the individual as much as it was a function of the authorities to preserve law and order

The meeting elected Defence Committee of seven members with powers to collect funds and otherwise help in the proper defence of Messrs. P. K. Pillai and Batliwalla.

All the resolutions were unanimously carried.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

(1) "This meeting strongly protests against the indifference of the Madras Government towards civil liberties and the narrow outlook which induced the said Government to arrest Messrs. S. S. Batliwalla and P. K. Krishna Pillai and other labourers and the statements of the Madras Premier and his colleagues giving rise to suspicion that civil liberties are not safe even in the hands of the Congress."

(2) "This meeting invites the attention of the Congress President and the forthcoming A. I. C. C. at Calcutta to the undesirable and dangerous tendencies in the Congress Ministries and the encroachments on civil liberties on the unsustainable plea of local differences and changed circumstances."

(3) "This meeting recommends the Congress Working Committee to instruct the Congress Ministries that the promise of civil liberties in the Election Manifesto be respected and immediately given effect to irrespective of caste or creed in the provinces where the Congress Ministries are in power."

SHOP ASSISTANTS' DEMANDS

Minimum Wage, Leave And Weekly Holiday

The Shop Assistants' Conference sent greetings to the Bombay Ministry and trusted that "the Ministry will take up the cause of the long suffering shop-assistants and introduce the necessary legislation at the earliest opportunity."

A resolution offered the Conference's felicitations to those Gumastas who participated in the C. D. movement and went to jail and suffered in various other ways.

Following important resolutions were also passed:—

RESOLUTION ON FEDERATION

"With a view to secure the improvement in conditions of life and work and to safeguard and protect their rights and interests and to co-ordinate their activities this Conference of the representatives of the different associations assembled, hereby form a Bombay Shop-Assistants' Federation.

WORKING HOURS

"This Conference considers that the hours of work as prevalent in the various trades and markets are very excessive and are dwarfing and stunting the life of thousands of employees. It protests against the present system of work from 12 to 14 hours and even up to 18 hours a day. It is firmly of opinion that a 8-hours-day and 48-hours-week can be immediately introduced without detriment to trade and appeals the Congress Ministry to undertake legislation in this regard

NIGHT WORK

This Conference records its emphatic protest against the practice of opening the forward trading markets at night in Bombay which besides being quite unnecessary and very harmful to genuine trade, causes the workers great hardship and inconvenience and urges the Associations concerned and the Bombay Government, to take immediate action to end such an inhuman practice.

PAY AND LEAVE

This Conference demands that there should be one day's closing every week, preferably on Sunday as also on public holidays. Further with a view to ensure the health and efficiency of the Shop-Assistants it is absolutely necessary that every year one month's leave on full pay should be granted as a matter of right with provision for Casual Leave up to twenty days.

This Conference requests the Bombay Congress Ministry to introduce necessary legislation to end the undesirable system of trading on holidays.

EMPLOYMENT OF CHILD LABOUR

With a view to end the pernicious system of child-labour, this Conference is of opinion that immediate steps should be taken to prohibit employment of children under the age of 14 years. This system of employing children of tender age from 7 onwards on nominal wages in hotels and some other establishments has proved highly detrimental to the health and welfare of the children and calls for immediate steps for its termination.

MINIMUM WAGE DEMAND

This Conference calls upon the Federation to draft a scheme for a minimum wage after obtaining specific information about local conditions from each federating organization. It is also of opinion that some plan for relief of Shop-Assistants like gratuity, provident fund, and compulsory insurance by the employers as may be suitable in markets should be prepared; and also to prepare a schedule for compensation for injury while on duty.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

A.M

8-30 Sarangi solo. 8-40 Talk (Hindustani): "Speaking personally. 8-55 Ghazals and Quawwalis. M. M. Hashim. Assisted by the VUB Indian orchestra

Noon

12-0 "A mixed bag"

P.M.

1-0 Available market rates and announcements. Some familiar numbers. 2-0 A relay from the Rotary Club. Talk: "Overland to Blighty." 6-0 "For children". Arranged and produced by Auntie Marion and Uncle Gorgonzola. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. (The news in Marathi and time signal at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 The Cocktail Hour. 8-30 Commercial news and the news in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "As It Was." 9-15 The news. 9-30 Sitar solo. 10-0 Milan Mandir. A Hindi drama.

Empire Programme

A.M.

7-30 Big Ben. "Green Fields and Pavements"—3. 7-45 Terence Casey, at the BBC theatre organ. 8-15 "British Composers". 8-40 The news and announcements 9-0 "The Empire Follies."

P.M.

12-30 Violoncello recital. 12-50 "Palace of Varieties". 1-50 The news and announcements. 2-10 "Empire Exchange". 2-25 Scots songs. 4-15 Students' songs. 4-45 The BBC Welsh orchestra. 5-30 Dance music. 5-45 Scenes from the "Winter's Tale". 6-20 Organ recital. 6-50 "A Mint o' Money". 7-0 The news and announcements. 7-45 Big Ben. Irish songs and music. 8-15 "Haunting harmonies". 8-30 The Torquay Municipal Orchestra. 9-30 The news and announcements. 9-50 "Keyboard music through the Ages."—3. 10-15 Talk: "World Affairs".

Delhi Programme

A.M.

8-0 Shrimad Bhagwad Gita. 8-15 Asti. 8-25 Pandit Pannalal of Naugachhia. 8-55 Karrar Husain —Jaltarang. 9-0 Azizur-Rehman. 9-10 The News (English). 9-20 The News (Hindustani)

Noon.

12-0 "Ham-Bhi-Hain". A programme for women

P.M.

12-5 "Qutab ki Sair". 12-15 Household Miscellany: "Some useful hints". 12-20 Indian music. 1-30 "Zoo 'Oliday" 2-30 Time signal. Close down

P.M

6-0 Time signal. AIR Orchestra —Shudh Sarang. 6-10 Pandit Pannalal of Naugachhia. 6-30 Gulzar Begum of Lahore. 7-0 "For villagers only". 8-0 Time signal. Talk (Hindustani): "Ancient cultures" No. 1 Babylon. 8-15 Pandit Pannalal of Naugachhia. 8-35 Readings from famous books. Khoji's conversation with the boat-man. 8-40 Gulzar Begum of Lahore. 9-30 Time signal. 9-45 European music 10-0 Talk (English): "In the shadow of the Acropolis." No. 6 10-15 A violin recital

Calcutta Programme

P.M

12-36 Time signal. A variety programme. 1-36 Devotional songs. 2-6 Religious talk. 2-21 Bhatiali songs. 2-36 Kirtan. 2-51 Orchestra. 5-6 For the children. 6-6 Folk songs. 6-21 Light songs. 7-51 Talk: "Glorious Failures". No. 5 Hannibal. 8-6 The news and weather report. (Bengali) 8-21 Light Hindustani songs. 9-1 Commercial news and weather report. 9-6 The news and announcements. 9-21 Talk: "So This is Oxford". No. 2 9-36 A studio concert.

TEXTILE ENQUIRY

Jhabwala's Views

Mr. S. H. Jhabwala in an interview said that the news of the Textile Enquiry was not a surprise to him as it was being talked about at Poona but the surprise was on the question of personnel

The personnel was eloquent but ill-equipped and the absence of a person like Mr. S A. Dange who baffled the combined ill-intellect of the magnets of the industry like Messrs F D Stone, (Sassoon's) Saklatwala (Tata's) and Fazalbhoy in the 1928 in general Textile strike enquiry would be felt by the Textile workers.

The scope was vast but it all depended on the attitude of the Congress Cabinet

He said that the Premier was highly imbued with the Gandhian philosophy of conciliation and arbitration, but this was not what labour wanted.

Labourers he remarked, did not want crumbs, but they wanted power to organize themselves. Whenever they gained such a power through strike," the employers, at once, grew jealous of them and resorted to victimisation. What the labourers expected from the Congress Cabinet was the right to organise themselves.

Though like other people, the labourers were also desirous of peace, but certainly they did not want the peace of the graveyard and of class slavery.

Class struggle was inevitable but, he said, they would co-operate with other progressive forces as far as possible.

He observed that Congress wanted to be in the good books of Industrial workers out that was not the proper way to win over them.

He hoped that a conference of Textile workers would be convened where united minimum demands of workers would be presented and a case thus made should weigh with the Committee.

There was a move in the direction and he hoped it would fructify.

Besides there was mischievous tendency about in playing Bombay against Ahmedabad

Finally Mr. Jhabwala said that everything depended on whether Congress wished to stand by labour or wanted to follow the same old policy of bureaucracy regarding labour.

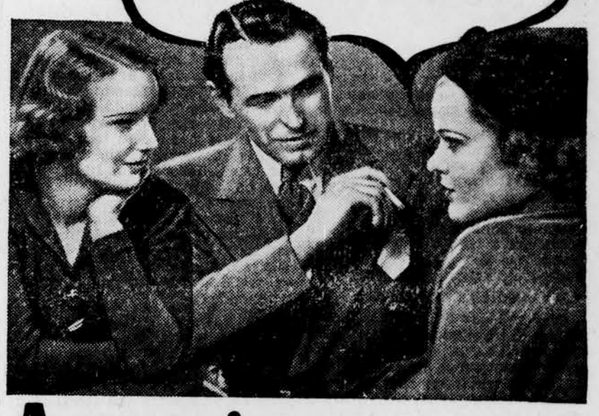
Dera Ismail Khan

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, Oct. 14.

An amalgamation has taken place of the two bodies that were functioning here in the name of Congress namely, the Congress Committee and the Parliamentary Board. A joint meeting of the members of both was held under the presidentship of Khan Abdullah Khan of Potah, M. L. A., at which only one new fresh Congress Committee was formed and the name of Parliamentary Board was abolished.

Calcutta: Sixteen hundred petty cases which had accumulated during the last four days of Puja recess were disposed of by the Police Magistrate of Calcutta Fines from eight annas to ten rupees were imposed following convictions in these cases.

Q: "What is the best remedy for Bronchitis and all Chest Affections?"



ANGIER'S is the answer

For any weakness of throat or chest, or any tendency to tuberculosis; for a troublesome cough, bronchitis or any chest affection, the standard approved treatment is a course of Angier's Emulsion.

It soothes and strengthens the lungs, promotes appetite, greatly improves digestion, and exerts a pronounced tonic, invigorating influence upon the general health.

If a cold or a cough has already started, Angier's is the best means of throwing it off and repairing the damage caused.

No other emulsion is so highly recommended for its strengthening and healing properties. Angier's has been prescribed by the medical profession for over forty years. It is unequalled for those with a tendency to colds, 'flu and lung troubles. Angier's soothes and heals the membrane of the throat and the inner lining of the bronchial tubes, and at the same time builds up strength and powers of resistance.

No mother should be without a bottle of Angier's Emulsion in the house. Remember—Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions, and it agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs.

"I have prescribed Angier's frequently."

A Doctor writes: "Some two months ago I had occasion to try Angier's Emulsion personally for a troublesome and worrying cough. In a few days my appetite commenced to return, and in a short time my cough completely disappeared. I still continue taking Angier's and have prescribed it frequently."

(Signed)———, M.B.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

Lily Pearl Barley

Made of

FRESH & FULL GROWN GRAINS

Recommended by

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The Lily Biscuit Co., Calcutta.

Bombay Depot: MANGALDAS MARKET.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 18-10-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.003 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.6 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.8 degrees 3.5 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.7 degrees 0.9 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 84 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 133 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 1.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 18-10-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.16 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 4160 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 10h 27mts. (I.S.T.) and Sunday, the 17th, Oct. 1937.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

D. T. A Ellis

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.

If your Chemist cannot supply you, write Muller Maclean, Bombay.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS VICTORIA TERMINUS

Trains	Arr H.M	Dep H.M
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 40	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 25	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 0
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only)		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 5
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 35
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from October 1, 1937:—

Trains	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujerat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 40	
Ahmedabad Passenger	13 35	13 50
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25
'The Flying Ranee' Mondays only from Surat	9 48	
"The Flying Ranee' daily except on Mondays	10 58	
"The Flying Ranee' Mondays only from Bulsar	9 15	
'The Flying Ranee' Saturdays only to Surat		15 10
'Th Flying Ranee' Saturdays only to Bulsar		15 50
"The Flying Ranee daily except Saturdays to Surat		16 05

THE ASIAN INSTITUTE'S

Poultry Calendars for 1938

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashwin Sud 15, 1993
Muslim: Shaban 14, 1356
Parsi: Ardibehest 14, 1307
Hightide: 10-59 23-42
Lowtide: 4-54 17-10
Sunrise: 6h 34m.
Sunset: 6h. 12m.
Sale of Toddy shops and tree-foot booths in Bombay Suburban District, 11 a.m.
Municipal Schools Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

MEHTA P. R.—Hira Mehta late of Paris and Ahmedabad, died Monday, at Bangalore. Uthamna ceremony, Wednesday 20th, 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Dady Seth Fire Temple, Fanaswadi, Bombay. Foreign papers please copy.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION

An ordinary meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union, will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Servants of India Society Building.

SARBWAJANIN LUXMI PUJA

Sarbwajanin Luxmi Puja of the Bengali Residents of Bombay and its Suburbs will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 8 p.m. in the Hindusthan Compound at Sleater Road

BOHRA BROTHERHOOD

Under the auspices of Bohra Brotherhood, a public meeting will be held to mourn the untimely death of Dr. Ghor M.D. at 9-30 p.m. Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha will preside.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

A meeting of the General Council (Active Members) of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held to-day (Tuesday, at 6-30 p.m. at the office of the Party, Dadabhai Manzil.

SHIA ISHNA ASHRI DISPENSARY

The total number of patients that attended the Khoja Shia Ishna Ashari Jamat Bundalibhay Mahomed Free Dispensary during the month of September was 6004 out of which, according to sex: —Males 922; Females 2310; Boys 1340 and Girls 1362, were treated.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Clan Line steamer 'Macgillivray' left Liverpool on Friday evening on October 15.

The O S K steamer 'Italy Maru' left Singapore on October 15 and is due to arrive in Bombay on October 27 via Colombo.

FOUND

On Sunday the 17th instant between 6-30, and 7 p.m. a pair of glasses in a leather case found lying on the pavement, Backbay Reclamation just in front of the Hindu Gymkhana. The owner should arrange to take it from Kamalakar D. Naik, 33-L. Mughbat Lane, Bombay 4.

ON THE STAGE!
PETER SERGEI presents
THE LONDON REVUE Co.
(ALL WEST-END STARS)
in the thundering
NON-STOP, LONDON
Musical Success—
"FOLIE D'APACHE
30 Artistes! Chorus of 12!
FROM THURS. OCT. 21ST.
CAPITOL
Prices: Rs. 4-8, 2-4, 1-2, As.9.

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Skin Itch Cause Curbed Overnight
Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm, kills the germs the very first night and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble. The guarantee protects you.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Super Sleuth" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Robinson Crusoe" 1st instalment serial Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"The Unexpected" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Wah-ri-Duniya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-35 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 5, 8 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Premveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Khan Bahadur" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Stella Dallas" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Milap" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gangavataran" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Wee Willie Winkie" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Savitri" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
THE BROADWAY—"Big Broadcast of 1937" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"A Tale of Yesterday" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10 p.m.

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE

The Second All-India Cotton Forecast estimates for 1937-38 will be posted in the Marwari Bazaar, the Cotton Exchange, Sewri and in the office of the East India Cotton Association, Ltd., Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, at 2-36 p.m (S.T.) on Thursday, the 21st October 1937.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed unregistered mails for United States of America per s.s. 'Pres. Garfield' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

Parcels for Germany direct per M. S. Kybfels will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2 p.m. on Wednesday the 20th instant

RAMWADI FREE EYE HOSPITAL

The following is a statement of the attendance of the Ramwadi Free Eye Hospital, for the month of September 1937.

The total attendance was 5885, out of which 3215 were males, 1638 were females 1032 were children. 133 operations were performed.

The daily average attendance was 235 during 25 working days of the month.

KATHIAWAR POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Under the auspices of the All-India States' People's Conference, a public meeting in connection with the Kathiawar Political Conference will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in Hira Baugh Hall, C. P. Tank.

The members of the Kathiawar Conference Deputation will speak.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will preside.

RADIO SERVICEMEN EXAMINATION

The following is the result of the examination in "Radio Serviceman's Course" held by the Chicago Radio Institute on the 7th, 8th and 9th October 1937:—

P. Kasla, H. Shah, D'Souza, R. L. Nayar, V. Bathija, R. P. Karkera, R. S. Chaudhari, R. S. Maini, I. B. Patel and D. Bhatia.

GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street, when Mr. B. T. Anklesaria, M.A. will read a paper on "The evolution of the Zarathstrian Yazisn ceremony traced to the eldest Gatha literature."

AMATEUR CINE SOCIETY

A meeting of the Amateur Cine Society of India will be held to-day (Tuesday) in the Headquarters of the Society, Dr. B. B. Yodh presiding. There will be an interesting talk on that important and interesting subject "Filters" by Mr. G. Quiribet. The meeting consists of also two reels of Amateur Talkie Films, 'Week-end'—Amateur Cine World, prize-winning film—Dances and Fetes of India (Colour Film), Navjot Ceremony etc.

BHARAT NIGHT SCHOOL

(From our Correspondent.)

The opening ceremony of the above school was celebrated in the Maharashtra High School, Lower Parel, on Dasera day, under the Presidentship of Principal N. M. Kale.

Mr. M. N. Bakre, one of the founders, described how the idea of founding the Bharat Night School originated.

Congress Socialists To Protest Against Pillay's Arrest

Under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, a public meeting will be held at Jinnah Hall on Wednesday the 20th instant at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to protest against the arrest of Sit. P. Krishna Pillay, Calicut, Member of the A. I. C. C. Among the speakers are: Mr. Purshottamdas Tricumdas, Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Mr. C. N. Narayanaswamy, Dr. K. B. Menon of the Indian Civil Liberties' Union and others.

Mr. Kasturbhai Laibhai arrived in Bombay on Monday morning.

SIR PURSHOTTAMDAS AND COLLEAGUES BACK IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY: Monday.

Sir Purushottamdas Thakoredas, Messrs. Ghanashyamdas Birla and Kasturbhai Laibhai, non-official Indian advisers during the Indo-British Trade Negotiations arrived in Bombay to-day by the Italian Boat "Conte Rosso."

They declined to say anything about the negotiations.

They are immediately getting in touch with the Government of India and might issue a detailed statement about the negotiations after two or three days.

"G" Ward District Political Conference

The 'G' Ward District Political Conference will be held on Saturday and Sunday the 23rd and 24th October 1937 at Dadar in the Kshatriya Union Hall. The time will be announced later on. The various sub-committees appointed for the purpose of making the conference a success are working in full swing. Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside over the Conference.

HAWKERS' MEETING ON MUSJID ROAD

Under the auspices of the Bombay Hawkers' Union, a propaganda meeting will be held in Bapu Hajam Moholla, Musjid Street, to-day (Tuesday) at 9-30 p.m. to popularise the proposed conference. All prominent leaders will address the meeting.

MEDICAL PROFESSIONS' DINNER TO THE HON. DR. M. D. D. GILDER

The Medical Profession in Bombay is entertaining the Hon. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister of Health and Excise to a Dinner on Sunday the 7th November 1937, under the auspices of: The Medical Association, Bombay North. All-India Medical Licentiates' Association, Bombay Branch, Indian Medical Association, Bombay Branch.

Those desirous of joining should communicate with Dr. S. G. Vengsarkar. Khot's Building, Tilak Bridge, Dadar

PARENTS' DAY AT DADAR

The Indian Education Society's Primary School celebrated a Parents' Day under the presidentship of Dr. K. S Mhaskar on Sunday, October 17. A large number of parents had gathered in the School Hall. The school was started two years ago and had been rapidly growing. The present number of children on the rolls is 278. Without loss of efficiency the school has been able to reduce the period of instruction from five years to four. The school is badly in need of a building. Dr. Mhaskar remarked that specialisation of teachers in different subjects, a feature of modern education resulted in lack of personal contact between the teacher and the taught which was so very essential for the development of the character of the children. He referred to the importance of physical education and the responsibility of parents as regards the quality of food given to the children. He condemned the attitude of the parents who allowed their children to buy nasty food from hawkers.

BYCULLA POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Secretary's Appeal To Residents Of The District

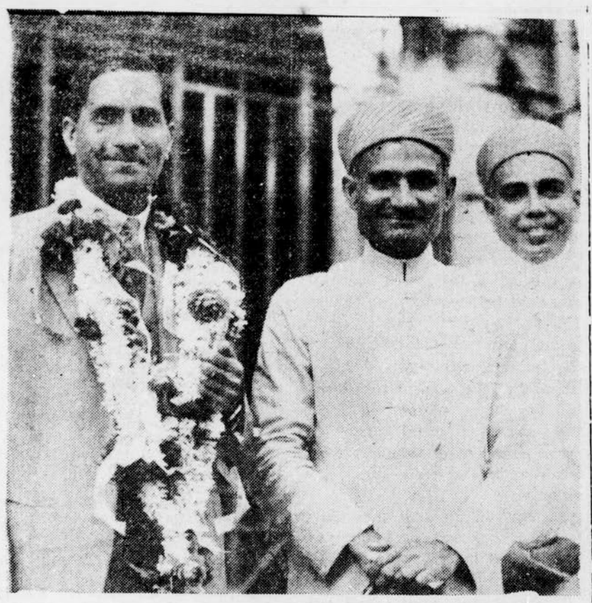
The Publicity Secretary of the Byculla District Political Conference writes:

With the approach of the Conference on 23rd instant, brisk work is being done to make the Conference as great and complete a success as possible.

The final meeting of the Reception Committee held a prolonged sitting yesterday and adopted the draft committee's resolutions. A group photo of Reception Committee was taken.

Already a thousand delegates have been enrolled and the work of enrolment is proceeding apace. Reception Committee members and other workers of the Ward are addressing street corner meetings in different parts of the Ward and great enthusiasm is being created among the public.

I take this opportunity to appeal to the citizens of Byculla to remember October 23 and rally in large numbers to participate in the conference. Delegates tickets will be available at the Committee office between 8 and 9 a.m. in the morning and 7-30 to 8-30 in the evening.



Mr. G. D. Birla, one of the non-official advisers in Indo-British trade parleys returned to Bombay on Monday.

Indian Radio And Political Propaganda

Controller In Favour Of "Open Forum Of Opinion"

That it was not the policy of the Government of India at present to allow All-India Radio to be used for political propaganda was stated by Mr. Lionel Fielden, Controller of All-India Radio, in an interview with a "Chronicle" representative.

RADIO SETS FOR INDIA

Asked whether his department has under consideration any scheme of undertaking or subsidizing production of cheap radio sets in India, Mr. Fielden replied that the Government was, so far as he knew, not prepared to take part in any undertaking of this kind. But he readily conceded the importance of cheap radio sets without which it was difficult to have a substantial increase in the number of listeners-in in India. The difficulty, he said was that large-scale manufacturers in Europe and America could not be interested in the project until there was a large market for their products in India. Without cheap sets there cannot be an appreciable increase in the number of listeners-in and without more listeners-in the manufacturers are not sufficiently interested in the manufacture of special cheap sets for India. While in England, however, Mr. Fielden had some informal conversations with the manufacturers and before long one may expect them to do something in the matter of supplying India with comparatively cheaper sets which are also suited to tropical conditions.

On being questioned about the advisability of leaving the field of rural broadcasting to the respective provincial governments who are more competent to cater for local needs Mr Fielden said that all the stations depend on the local governments for advice and suggestions in the matter of rural broadcasts. In fact, he added, a man had been specially deputed by the Bombay Government to help the local Radio station in their rural programmes.

POLITICS AND BROADCASTING

Mr. Fielden, when asked about the official attitude towards the utilization of the Radio service for political and party propaganda as was being done in England and America, said:—

"It was sometime before political broadcasts were allowed in England and perhaps the time has not come for it in India. Personally I have always felt that broadcasting should be used as far as possible as an open forum of opinion. But the Government of India decided before I came here that broadcasting should not be used for political propaganda and you know from the answers given by the Government to Mr. Satyamurti's questions in the Assembly that that is still their opinion".

To the question as to what efforts the Bombay station had made for enlisting the co-operation of institutions and individuals competent to speak about art and cultural subjects, Mr. Fielden, while declining to go into the details of the local programmes said that it was obviously a general policy that Radio stations should keep themselves fully in contact with all artistic and cultural institutions and individuals".

'SHANKARACHARYA' DISPUTE ECHO

Motion For Interim Injunction Dismissed

Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court heard, a notice of motion in connection with a suit filed by N. S. Pandit and others against Shirolkar Swami and others.

The first defendant and the third defendant (Dr. Kurtukoti) were rivals for the "gadi" of Shree Shankaracharya of Karveerpeeth Math, and their dispute was settled by a compromise dated 25th October 1918 by which Dr. Kurtukoti was to get Rs. 800. from the estates of the Math in return for renouncing certain of his claims

To have this compromise set aside, the plaintiffs filed this suit. They stated that the compromise could not be valid because it was for an object that was alien to the object of the Math.

The plaintiffs further stated that Dr. Kurtukoti had acted against certain tenets of the Hindu religion and had been working against the caste system. In this and other ways he had acted contrary to the conditions of the compromise and, therefore, he was not entitled to the payment of Rs. 800 or any part thereof.

In connection with this litigation, defendants 4 to 8 took out the present notice of motion asking that pending the disposal of the suit Dr. Kurtukoti be restrained by an injunction from recovering Rs. 800 under the compromise.

In support of the motion it was urged that if the payment was made it would cause irreparable loss to the Math, in case the compromise was set aside as a result of this suit.

His lordship held that no case had been made out for the interim injunction. The motion was therefore dismissed.

BOMBAY 'VARSITY SPORTS

Programme Of Events For Coming Season

The Bombay University, have, as usual, an interesting programme of sports for the coming season.

November 15 will see the opening of the Northcote Inter-Collegiate Cricket Tournament. This will run till December 2. The above tourney is competed for, by the different university college groups in turn. This year is the Bombay Group's turn.

Immediately after this comes the University Inter-Collegiate Tennis Tournament—a start being made on December 3.

The Inter-Collegiate Athletic Meeting, which is open to representatives of Colleges affiliated to Bombay University takes place at the Cooperage on January 2. Then will follow the annual sports confined to Athletes of the Bombay Group of Colleges. The fixture is on January 24 at the Cooperage.

City Fathers In Session

MILK SUPPLY PLAN TURNED DOWN

Discussion Of Small-Pox And Its Evils

The scheme of the Bombay Co-Operative Milk Supply Union which proposes to supply ten thousand pounds milk per day to the Bombay Municipality was turned down by the Municipal Corporation as the house considered it impracticable. The Public Health Committee to whom this question was referred, recommended to the Municipal Corporation to subsidize the scheme as it would not only supply pure milk to the City but also would prevent animals when they go dry being sold to the butchers.

On Monday when the question came before the Corporation on the motion of Dr. C. J. Cursetji, it was recorded. The house also refused to amend the Municipal Act so as to make it compulsory for the head of a family to which a patient was suffering from small-pox to notify the same to the Municipal authorities

Dr. C. J. Cursetji moved to record the report of the Medical Relief Committee regarding the scheme of the Bombay Co-Operative Milk Supply Union to supply ten thousand pounds of milk to the city on payment of a certain subsidy

Dr. Cursetji said although the Municipal Commissioner had recommended the scheme, it was found to be impracticable. The house agreed to the proposition.

Dr. Goregaoker then moved to inform the Government that the Corporation does not want to amend the Municipal Act so as to require the head of a family to which a patient suffering from small-pox belonged, to notify the same to the Municipal Authorities. The Government of Bombay had addressed a letter to His Worship the Mayor in January last to consider the advisability to amend the Municipal Act as the prevalence of small-pox in the city had scared oversea travellers from visiting India.

The Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee thought that it would entail hardships upon parents and relatives of those who suffered from small-pox.

The Committee thought that the present provisions of the Act were quite sufficient.

The Medical Relief Committee however took a different view and recommended the Municipal Corporation to amend the Act as it would tend to check the spread of the disease

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker moved to adopt the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee.

Dr. C. J. Cursetji moved to approve of the report of the Medical Relief Committee. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtanker seconded the amendment.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala pointed out the hardships of the citizens if the Act was amended. It was intended by the amendment to enforce relatives of the patients, or in default the occupier of the building to notify to the Municipal authorities. Mr. Karanjawala also said there was not sufficient accommodation in the Municipal Hospitals, and he asked whether they would accommodate all the small-pox patients if they were notified.

Dr. A. J. Collaco also opposed the amendment although he was a medical man. He was practising for the last 31 years in the slum area and he challenged any medical man to diagnose a case from small-pox to a chicken-pox. If medical men found difficulty to find out whether one patient suffered from small-pox or the chicken-pox, how did they expect lay men to understand and report the same to the Municipality?

Dr. J. N. Choksy supported the amendment and said small-pox being contagious spread very easily and therefore required drastic measures to check it.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji also opposed the amendment and said the amendment expected every citizen to be a medical man. He warned the house not to trifle with the feelings of the citizens.

At this stage closure was moved and the amendment was thrown out and the original proposition was carried.

The house agreed to the proposal of the Schools Committee to abolish fees of the upper primary and central schools in all girls schools with effect from 1st April 1938 and confirmed Mr. E. A. Nadirshaw as Hydraulic Engineer, in place of Mr. W. Niven, retired, on a salary of Rs. 1,200-75-1,800.

The house then adjourned till Thursday.

Hawkers' Meetings

Under the auspices of the Bombay Hawkers' Union two propaganda meetings were held on Sunday evening one at Chowpatty, and another at Kazi Moholla, Null Bazar. Messrs. Nimbkar, Mahomed Gani, M. A. Azad, A. M. Noorani and others appealed to the audience to rally round the Union Banner and muster strong for the procession and conference on coming Friday. There was a great enthusiasm at the meeting and all promised to make the hartal, the procession and the conference on the coming Friday a great success

This "Rennie" Pastille Ended Gastric Pains

A commercial traveller writes :—

"I have been suffering from a type of nervous gastric stomach for nine years, and this has made me at times feel absolutely depressed to the last degree. I spent pounds on stomach powders without results. I purchased a packet of Rennie and was amazed at the result. I now take these pastilles after every meal and in consequence I have yet to feel that old pain again."—K.P.

Digestif Rennie Pastilles go to the root cause of Indigestion. They contain antacids which neutralise excess acid—a common cause of digestive disorders. When excess acid has been neutralised, indigestion *simply cannot start.* And Digestif Rennie is more than an antacid. It also contains absorbents to free you of stomach gas, and ferments which *actively help to digest food.*

Digestif Rennie Pastilles are pleasant to take and each one is individually wrapped in paper. They are obtainable of Chemists, Stores and Bazars, packed in hermetically sealed tins

Wholesale Stockists,
CAMA NORTON & CO.,
P. O. Box 888, BOMBAY

An Aunt without an Answer

Did you ever suffer from the Family Aunt? If a dress needed cleaning, if the silverware wanted polishing, if stockings required washing or insect bites needed ointment, "Aunty knows best." She always has a recipe for everything—and plenty of advice to go with it. Instructions to young people about late hours, remarks about cigarette ash on the carpets, caustic comments on the state of one's exchequer. No wonder a victim once put up the notice, "Big Reward—For an Aunt guaranteed not to *Talk.*"

But it IS possible with the Universal Aunt. *She* can't answer back—yet she does all and more than any flesh-and-blood, sniff-and-snort relation could perform! She will clean your clothes of grease and stains. She knows how to wash your silk stockings and your laundry so that they are really fresh and fragrant. She has a splendid recipe for taking the sting out of insect stings. She can give you a tip on keeping personal freshness in hot weather. She will help your servants wash up better—keep your silver bright and clean do all the hundred and one jobs that need doing. Ask her to come and you'll make her a permanent guest—on your bathroom shelf. For "she" is Scrubb's Ammonia, the Universal Aunt—the Aunt without an answer—who has earned an honoured place in every household, bachelor, spinster and married.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1937

RESUME NEGOTIATIONS

Among the most important resolutions of the All-India Muslim League are those which change the constitution of the League, lay down an elaborate constructive programme and condemn Federation in an uncompromising manner. All these resolutions closely follow the policy of the Congress and for that, among other reasons, they deserve to be welcomed. The change of the League's objective to "full independence" is most significant and undeniably suggestive of Congress influence, there being no difference between "full independence" and "complete independence." The resolution on Federation is as strong as any that the Congress may have adopted. The joint opposition of the Congress and the League dooms the Federal scheme even if a sufficient number of Princes join it. The resolution on the constructive programme directs the Working Committee of the League to frame and put into effect an economic, social and educational programme, including, the reduction of rural and urban debts, grant of moratorium till proper legislation is enacted, fixation of fair rents and revenue, rural uplift, encouraging cottage industries, Swadeshi with special emphasis on handloom cloth, and prohibition Close resemblance to the Congress programme is obvious but it remains to be seen what practical steps the League will take in implementing this programme. Probably the League, being a communal body, will serve only the Muslims. But it is the privilege as well as the duty of the Congress to serve all according to their needs but irrespective of caste or creed.

"Bande Mataram"

The League cannot, however, be congratulated on its resolution describing the "Bande Mataram" song as "positively anti-Islamic and idolatrous." The song has been sung during the last thirty years in innumerable political meetings in which Muslims have freely participated but never till a few days ago did any of them object to it as idolatrous or otherwise un-Islamic. As regards the objection to the alleged "foisting" of the song on the country, the reference is probably to the singing of the song in certain legislatures. We have already expressed the view several weeks ago that it is inexpedient to make the singing of the song a daily feature in any legislature and it is even more inexpedient to regard the song as a prayer with or without any scriptural texts to supplement it.

Reactionary Features

The reactionary features of the League's session have been well exposed in general terms by the Congress President in his latest Press interview. Its best resolutions are tainted with communalism. But Pandit Jawaharlal pertinently draws public attention to a new development in communal activities when he says that "behind the veil of religion and culture there is this attempt to consolidate the vested interests of a group of privileged people." In one respect the new development is an advantage as economic interests are bound in course of time to counteract communal differences. But for the time being, as the President observes "the cloak of religion misleads many people." It is because many Muslims are thus misled that they fear that their communal interests may not be duly safeguarded by the majority community. And the fourteen points of yesterday tend to increase in number with the addition of fresh unjustified grievances about the national song, the national flag and so on. The question, then is how to remove this actual distrust in the minds of many Muslims, whatever may be its cause. Contact with and service of the masses by Congress workers, irrespective of caste or creed, is undeniably the most effective weapon to combat that distrust. But other possible methods should not be ignored. It appears from Mr. Jinnah's speech that he approves of the Coalition Ministry in the Frontier Province. If so, there should be no objection to similar ones being formed in other Congress provinces Similarly, with regard to the general communal problem, if informal negotiations are resumed between the Congress and the League on the basis of the terms agreed to by Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Jinnah, nothing will be lost and much may be gained earlier than seems possible to-day. Despite the outward signs to the contrary, Hindus and Muslims realise to-day the need for a settlement far more poignantly than they did before, thanks, of course, to the growing consciousness of the identity of their economic interests. The time is, therefore, opportune for exploring every possibility of a communal settlement. We shall be happy to know Gandhiji's views on this subject.

A Pledge Fulfilled

The Bombay Cabinet deserves to be congratulated on having at last cancelled all the remaining orders which were imposed under emergency laws by the previous Governments either against individuals or institutions. The individuals now released from all restrictions include Messrs S. V. Ghate, S. G. Sardesai, S. M. Adhikari, S. V. Deshpande and S. S. Mirajkar; and the institutions include the Lal Bavta Girni Kamgar Union and the Marxist League. By cancelling all the orders in question the Cabinet has fully carried out the policy laid down by the Congress Manifesto. Its action will go a long way in securing a calm atmosphere among workers, and a spirit of co-operation so essential for carrying on the work of the Textile Wages Inquiry Committee. Government's Press Note rightly assures the public that "if attempts are made to endanger the peace of the Presidency, it will be the duty of the Government to maintain law and order and this duty the Government are determined to carry out". It is, of course, understood, we trust, that action will be taken, if necessary, only in cases of incitement to violence and only under the normal laws and in no circumstances under the lawless law, which, under a Congress Government, should be either repealed or remain a dead letter.

Where Communalists Meet

If there is one distinctive feature more than another in the presidential addresses of Mr. Jinnah at the Lucknow session of the Muslim League and of Bhai Parmanand at the Karachi session of the Sind Hindu Conference, it lies in the attempts of both of them to paint the Congress as the partisan of the rival community—Mr. Jinnah charging the Congress with a Hindu bias and Bhai Parmanand accusing it of a Muslim bias! If there was any basis for their charges, the Congress ought to be a body with miraculous powers, leaning both ways! These communalists will not, of course, stop to think that for such a view of the Congress to be possible, there might be something wrong with their own eye-glasses. Just as Mr. Jinnah's address is one long tirade against the Congress, with occasional exhortations to his co-religionists to gird up their loins to fight the Hindu Sabha, Bhai Parmanand's address at Karachi contains nothing but sweeping denunciations of the Congress and its leaders and appeals to his co-religionists to imitate the Muslim fire-eaters.

In some respects Bhai Parmanand's speech is even less helpful to the general public who are not obsessed by communal hatreds, than Mr. Jinnah's address Take the question of Federation. Mr. Jinnah has at least definite ideas on the subject and has declared his firm opposition to the scheme as at present adumbrated. The League, over which he presided, has endorsed his views. What is, on the other hand, the attitude of Bhai Parmanand and the Hindu Mahasabha, few know definitely. Scanning Bhai Parmanand's speech at Karachi, one notices merely taunts at Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and other Congress leaders that their threats to prevent the Federation from coming into existence are futile. It would almost appear from Bhai Parmanand's speech that he and other leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha would warmly welcome the Federation if only a few more seats were allotted to the Hindus, upsetting the Communal Award. Bhai Parmanand says: "While Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru finds fault with the Federation on account of the share of the Princes in it, my view is that it is the Communal Award that really deprives the Federal Assembly of popular control." It is thus evident that the Federation would be quite satisfactory to Bhai Parmanand if only some more seats were allotted to Hindus, even if they are occupied by princes, zemindars and title-holders of the reactionary type. With him, evidently, it is the religious faith of the occupant of the seat, more than his political convictions that matters Bhai Parmanand is welcome to cherish such obtuse views of democracy and self-government, but Congressmen entertain quite other ideals, and have a different goal in view and they are determined to push forward despite the opposition and abuse of communalists.

Our Reader's Views

Hindu-Moslem Unity

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Illiteracy is keeping the two communities apart. The fact is that very few people care to know what is written in the Shastras or in the Quoran. Mainly they stick to the doctrines preached by Pandits and Moulvis. Tolerance towards other's religion is the basic principle laid down in the Quoran and is the essence of Hinduism. But the main difficulty is the true understanding of these two great faiths. The two great points of difference are the music before mosque and cow-slaughter.

As regards the first question it is really so simple of solution if it is looked upon with sanity and calmness of mind.

Hindus ought not to play music as they pass a church or a mosque during prayer time or even any time if this helps to bring the two communities together.

Cessation of music for a hundred yards would not be a great break for any devotee nor would such a devotee incur the wrath of a deity for discontinuance of music for a short while.

The Muslims also when they take out the Tazias and pass a temple should cease shouting "Din or Din" or similar words.

As regards cow-slaughter the parading of cows through streets before being slaughtered is absolutely unnecessary and most possibly not based on any religious tenet. If that is so, why not cease giving unnecessary offence to Hindus?

As regards the other rights of the two communities, the Congress has pledged itself for the preservation of culture and religious freedom to all the various communities in India.

It is high time for the Hindus and Muslims to understand each other and arrive at a common understanding. Therein lies the salvation and freedom of the two communities.—Yours, etc.,

P. H. GADRE,
B.A., LL.B. Pleader.
Nasik.

Prohibition Poster

To, The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Now that the Congress Ministries have begun their "Prohibition" campaign in various Provinces it will be of interest to the public to know as to what is being done now by the Alcoholic Board of Control of Edgecombe County, North Carolina in America which recently banned liquor displays in stores operated by the Board. They have ordered pictures of Gen. Robert E. Lee with his following statement directed to youth to be posted everywhere:

"My experience through life has convinced me that while moderation and temperance in all things are commendable and beneficial, abstinence from spirituous liquors is the best safeguard to morals and health."

The posters also contain the following:—

"The Sober Man Thinks Before He Acts.
Alcohol Makes a Man Act Before He Thinks."

The poster is an original idea of the Rev. Mr. Richardson who is the Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of Virginia and such posters are being distributed in several colours by the said league. Besides the said posters being displayed in the stores they are also kept in schools in that State.—Yours etc.

S. NAGASUNDARAM.

DON'T BARGAIN WITH MUSSOLINI

Duty Of Britain And France

By H. N. Brailsford

At a moment when mankind seemed to be sunk in paralytic fatalism, its sense of humanity and its instinct of self-preservation have suddenly awakened.

The proofs confront us daily. There are the Albert Hall meeting, the declarations of the League of Nations, and, above all, that startling, courageous speech of President Roosevelt at Chicago.

All this has its bearing chiefly on the war in China, but something may be moving for the good of the Spanish Republic also Official France may be nearing the limits of patience and even Downing Street is visibly uneasy.

At last one sees a ray of hope. It is no longer fantastic to dream of action that may end these horrors.

The conclusion from these happier symptoms is not, however that our work is done. There is no machine that will run on smoothly by its own impetus to produce the results we all desire

Even the League is not such an instrument. It has clearly condemned the "unjustifiable action" of Japan in China; it has even called it an "invasion." But it carefully refrained from using the word "aggression," since that would have confronted it with the duty of action.

All it has done is to pass on the problem to the Powers that signed the Nine-Power Treaty—a very mixed collection of the great and the small without cohesion, or any tradition of collective responsibility.

Over Spain the result is still more negative. A fairly lain-spoken resolution did, indeed, rally a majority in the Assembly, but by the League's rules it amounts to exactly nothing at all, since it failed to secure a unanimous vote.

"Neutrality" Hurdle

Even Mr Roosevelt's speech stands in need of scrutiny. It condemned the lawless violence that threatens civilisation itself in words as strong as any man need use.

That from the ruler of his great country was not a little thing; it was designed to encourage the League, and it had its effect. But when we ask ourselves what in terms of action the speech meant, the answer is not as clear as we could wish.

One positive phrase stood out for us all, since it was drawn from our day-to-day European vocabulary. Roosevelt declared himself in favour of a "concerted effort" by the peace-loving nations.

This, from America, seemed a startling new departure, that carried us back to the days of President Wilson. But what did Roosevelt mean when he spoke of "quarantine"?

It might mean an economic boycott of the aggresors, particularly Japan; it might even mean formal economic sanctions. But it could also convey the underlying idea of the accepted American policy of neutrality—an impartial refusal to supply either party to a conflict with munitions

The context of the whole supported this latter reading, for it emphasised the President's determination "to keep out of war." and to "minimise our risks of involvement." On the other hand, he said plainly enough that isolation is no remedy

Voice Of Congress

It is well to remember, then, that if Mr. Roosevelt is a moralist, he is also a politician. A President of the United States has great influence, but he cannot alone swing his country into any new departure in foreign policy.

To enforce an economic boycott of Japan (without including China) would demand legislation. But Congress in its last session broke away from Roosevelt's leadership over almost the whole range of his domestic programme

The opinion that favours inaction and isolation is so strong that one cannot assume that Congress will follow the President, if he ventures at its special session to propose any form of economic coercion against Japan.

To wait on America would be fatal, since its mass opinion distrusts European statesmanship profoundly. It, however, the chief European producers of oil iron and munitions give a lead and renounce their gains, then (as I wrote last week) it is probable that America will follow.

League And Spain

The slaughter in China is still a novelty; it can still shock. The Central Government of Nanking is, moreover, an object of sympathy even to archbishops, for its views on the subject of property are perfectly orthodox.

Spain, however, presents a problem that European diplomacy has only aggravated for 15 months on end.

Even here, however, there is an advance to be noted. The British and French Governments voted at Geneva with the majority for a resolution that protested, against the presence in Spain of "veritable army corps" of foreign troops, and, failing their withdrawal, suggested a reconsideration of the policy of so-called non-intervention."

The wording was timid and vague, but it did convey at least a distant threat that its legal right to import arms may one day be restored to the Republic.

The next step was an invitation to Mussolini couched in the politest terms, to discuss withdrawal with the British and French Governments.

To this an answer is expected that accords perfectly with Italy's customary tactics of delay She will have no objection to yet another debate on this subject in the proper place for such manoeuvres, the London Committee.

All this is a game, and not even an amusing game.

Franco's Final Blow

What Mussolini is actually doing is fairly well known. He has reinforced his aerial armada in Majorca, and it is carrying out frequent and murderous raids on Valencia and Barcelona.

This, it is believed, is merely a curtain-raiser to the drama that is being rehearsed in these islands which the Italians control—a landing in force on the Spanish coast, timed to coincide with a formidable offensive on the Aragon front.

Our guess may or may not be justified by events, but one cannot disregard the warnings that come from many quarters—that so far from withdrawing his troops Mussolini proposes to reinforce them.

The evidence that he has steadily reinforced his bombing squadrons is overwhelming. The Italian reckoning is that a decisive effort, probably in a new field, can win victory for Franco before winter comes.

Perils Of Delay

It is doubtless foreseen in Rome that one day the patience of the French will be exhausted. They will then open their frontier and at last, in sufficient quantities,

(Continued on page 8 Col. 1)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

MR. HUQ'S VOLTE FACE.

The heroics of Mr. Fazl Huq, the Premier of Bengal, at the Muslim League session, are not likely to smoothen the already thorny path he has been treading ever since he assumed the leadership of the Ministry in that province. The Proja Party of which he is the leader is professedly a non-communal organization whose main object is the amelioration of the lot of the Bengal peasantry. But Mr. Huq and his colleagues in the Ministry—most of whom are members of the titled and landed "aristocracy"—have done precious little so far towards this object and a good deal of restiveness has of late begun to manifest itself in the ranks of the Party, some of whom have begun openly to denounce Mr. Huq as a rank reactionary and no friend at all of the peasant. His latest somersault, pledging the support of the Proja Party to the Muslim League, is likely to be deeply resented not only by the few non-Muslim members of the Party, but also by the Muslim members.

MYSORE DEWAN'S APOLOGIA.

The Dewan of Mysore is surely exaggerating the truth when he refers to "agitators" from outside the State promoting "general disorder and confusion" in Mysore and to the Congress flag being displayed in Mysore "in a spirit of hostility to the State flag or under conditions which are liable to cause provocation or annoyance to persons who are not members of the party." Can Sir Mirza Ismail point to any Congress "agitator" within his knowledge, who, coming to Mysore, had promoted "general disorder and confusion" in the State in the manner referred to by him? Is not Sir Mirza Ismail merely drawing on his imagination—imagination that has been made lively by some facied but utterly baseless fears of such "general disorder and confusion" arising out of the free movements of Congressmen in the State? The impartial public outside the State knows well enough that the motives behind the policy of banning Congressmen from the State have more to do with the fear of the authorities that the demand of the subjects of the State for a democratic form of government will grow more and more insistent, than with any genuine apprehensions of "general disorder and confusion" resulting from the visits of Congressmen. It is because these visits of Congressmen hearten the people of the State in their struggle against the existing bureaucratic form of Government, that the authorities seek to restrain their movements and indulge in general repression of the progressive section of the population.

STOP REPRESSION

As for Sir Mirza's excuse for banning the national flag, it sounds too hollow and far-fetched to be accepted. It is untrue to suggest that there is any spirit of hostility to the State flag, behind the desire to display the national flag in Mysore, nor is there any proof to show that any section of Mysoreans—barring perhaps, some sycophants of officialdom—have resented the display of this flag in the State. We do not wish to comment on the arrest of Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, since the matter is 'sub judice', but the policy of repression against Congressmen, whether subjects of the State or otherwise, which is now finding increasing favour with the Mysore Durbar, is fraught with no good consequences to anybody, least of all to the State itself. If the Mysore Durbar wishes to see its subjects living in amicable relations with their countrymen outside the State, it should not treat any section of the latter as interlopers and undesirables, simply because they are engaged in political propaganda to enlighten the masses of the State about their just rights. Treatment of Indians in Mysore as "foreigners" may, if persisted in, provoke reciprocal treatment of Mysoreans in India, if not now at least in the future—which nobody whether in Mysore or outside it can desire. The Durbar should reconsider the position and call a halt in its policy of repression of all Congress activities in the State.

A SUCCESSFUL CONFERENCE

The Shop Assistants Conference, which was held during the last week-end, has proved a remarkable success. Though it was the first session, the response was most gratifying, and the formation of a Federation of Shop Assistants will go a long way in raising the status and removing the grievances of the people working in the different trades, whose number has been roughly computed at one lakh and fifty thousand. Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj, who presided over the Conference, rightly stressed the need of the regulation of hours of work, and appealed to the employers to give a fair deal to their servants. The fifteen resolutions passed at the Conference give in a nut-shell the main demands of the Shop Assistants, and the Federation has its work cut out in getting them implemented. The proposal to hold a Presidency Shop Assistants' Conference also deserves to be welcomed, as it will help to create a new consciousness among a section of the community which has so long remained unorganized.

A PRAISEWORTHY ENTERPRIZE

While we do not approve of arts and industrial exhibitions being organized on communal basis, it must be admitted that the Bohra Arts and Industrial Exhibition, which is being held at Mohamedi Baugh, Khokha Bazar, and which was opened by Sir Hormuzdyar Dastur, constitutes a notable achievement. It is well-known that the Bohras are an enterprizing community, but it is only when one visits the Exhibition, which is confined to exhibits of articles manufactured by Bohras, that one realizes the extent of the contribution this community has made towards the industrial expansion of the country. It is the first time that an arts and industrial exhibition has been held in this locality and the success which has attended it, is a proof of the interest that the masses display in the growth of Swadeshi enterprize.

WORDS AND DEEDS

"I have been commanded to assure you that His Highness has been watching with keen appreciation the growth of public spirit and patriotic zeal among his subjects and that their aspirations for larger opportunities to serve the State will meet with due response at the proper moment."

—Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore in his speech to State Assembly.

"Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, member of the Mysore Assembly, was arrested at Mysore City at midnight yesterday on a charge of sedition."

* * *

The Earl of Listowel describes the Viceroy's special powers as the greatest blot in the new constitution.

The blot, moreover, is so huge and comprehensive as to cover the entire document.

* * *

"Non-intervention is a cruel lying shame", says Mr. David Lloyd George.

We don't think there is much lying about it. Indeed the shame proclaims its truth rather too blatantly.

* * *

The Liberal leader appealed to the British Government take "a bold and courageous line".

But that would be so very un-British!

* * *

According to a Japanese newspaper, "a fair and equitable settlement can only be expected through direct Sino-Japanese negotiations."

That, we believe, is the Japanese conception of a joke

* * *

Incidentally, the 'direct' negotiations in which the Japanese believe seem to follow a rather circuitous route to avoid the debris of a thousand homes and the human remains of tens of thousands of bombed and gassed Chinese

* * *

"Maulana Mazharuddin said complete independence could only be achieved by sacrifices, and quoted chapter and verse from the 'Koran' to show that the ideal was inconsistent with the Muslim faith."

Proceedings of the Muslim League

We should like to hear what Maulana Shaukat Ali, Mr. M. A. Jinnah and other stalwart champions of Islam and independence have to say about this interpretation of their faith.

* * *

According to Bori Bunder's London City Correspondent "the British market is of incomparably greater importance to India than the Indian market is to Great Britain".

This great discovery—or is it an invention?—deserves due appreciation from world's leading economists.

* * *

But may not one pertinently ask if it is because of their concern for India's economic welfare that Lancashire businessmen squeal every time their trade interests in India are threatened.

And, incidentally, is it really a touching sympathy with the starving Indian which has prompted the worthy "City Correspondent" to fill two columns on this subject?

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.

(1) Signor Mussolini will agree to a "token withdrawal" of volunteers, provided it does not interfere with his regular despatch troops to "Libya".

(2) The Bori Bunder journal was right when it stated the "Permanent President of the Muslim League "attached" the Congress tooth and nail". (Our Italics).

* * *

Mexico has 80 days of general holiday every year, besides Sundays.

No wonder they have strict immigration laws over there to check the influx of foreigners.

Mayor's Fund For China's Relief

City Fathers Follow Sir Homi Mody's Lead

"The Urbs Prima in Indis" has taken the first step and has given the lead to the rest of the country by starting a Mayor's Fund for the relief of the Chinese sufferers in the Sino-Japanese War that is at present raging in the Far East.

The decision was taken at the informal Conference of the members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Monday evening at the instance of Sir Homi Mody, who said that the Chinese people were to-day fighting for the integrity of the Chinese nation. Bombay owed her prosperity in trade in the early days to her commercial connections with China.

Another proposition calling upon the citizens of Bombay to boycott Japanese goods was withdrawn by Mr. M. R. Masani, as it was suggested by some speakers that that was not the proper place for passing such resolutions and no useful purpose would be served by bringing political issues at a Mayor's meeting.

Nearly half the members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation were present at the informal Conference of the members that was held on Monday evening at the Corporation Hall with the Mayor in the Chair. The meeting was convened at the request of Sir Homi Mody, to take quick steps towards organizing relief to the Chinese people.

Dr. E. Moses, the Mayor, addressing those present said that every one should be familiar by now that there was going on between two nations of the East. War was a curse at all times but it was still more so in these days in view of the developed state of aviation with comparatively easy methods of inflicting great injuries on civil population. Numerous were being killed and large numbers were being injured or rendered helpless and homeless. It had been suggested by Sir Homi Mody in his letter to the Mayor that an informal meeting should be called to consider what steps should be taken to provide some relief. The Vice-Consul for China, continued the Mayor, saw him on Saturday last and related to him the sufferings of the Chinese people. He informed the Mayor that there was dearth of medical requirements and that any assistance would be greatly appreciated. He mentioned the fact that the Lord Mayor of London was organising a Fund for the relief of the Chinese.

Sir Homi Modi suggested that a Fund to be called the Mayor's Fund for the relief of the Chinese be started. There was no necessity said Sir Homi, to speak at length as to what was happening in the Far East. The meeting was not sitting in judgment as to who was in the right and who was in the wrong. China as the weaker party in the ghastly conflict that was raging, claimed the help of Indians.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally while supported the proposition thought that the unusual restraint on the part of Sir Homi Mody was not necessary. It was a known fact that Japan was the aggressor. Japan's point of view was that she wanted a market for her produce and that was why she had gone to War with China.

Dr. J. N. Choksy opposed the proposition and said that Japan was the best customer of India. He suggested that there should be relief to the Japanese people also.

Prof. S. R. Davar supporting the original proposition thought that Japan was taking advantage of her military equipment and was robbing China piece by piece. She had no right to do so. She had no right to rob the homes of innocent.

Mr. Husseinbhoy Lalji supporting the proposition said that after India and Africa, condition of China was the worst in the World. Japan was following in the footsteps of Italy and Germany. These countries cared very much about the increase in the population of their respective countries and did not care what happened in the country which they invaded. It was upto Indians to go to the help of the poor Chinese people

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S LEAD

Mr. S. K. Patil said that the duty of Indians as a nation was quite clear. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, had taken the first step in the right direction and had called upon all Indians to observe the China Day. Bombay would be setting an example to the whole country by starting a Fund for the help of the Chinese people. The speaker suggested that those in charge of the Fund should establish direct connection with the Chinese people or go through the Chinese Vice-Consul in Bombay and was against sending the help, whatever it might be, through other channels.

Mr. M. R. Masani moved another proposition to the effect that the meeting called upon the people of Bombay to boycott Japanese goods. He thought the occasion called for something more than mere raising funds. He thought that boycott of Japanese goods by Indians would be helping the Chinese people in a way.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia rose to a point of order and thought that under the Indo-Japanese Trade agreement, Indians could not boycott Japanese goods.

Mr. Masani was surprised at the suggestion and said that it was open to the citizens to refuse to accept any goods that they did not want to Mr. Haji Hasham Ibrahim seconded Mr. Masani's proposition.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia thought that Mr. Masani's proposition was not relevent as the meeting had been convened to take steps towards helping the Chinese people. The meeting was not concerned with politics.

Sir H. P. Mody in reply thought that Doctor J. N. Choksy was as great a menace as any Imperialist menace. He requested Mr M. R. Masani not to confuse issues by pressing his proposition for boycott of Japanese goods. The meeting had been called to help the Chinese people who were undergoing terrible suffering. He requested that a controversy should not be created as the purpose would be lost sight of.

The resolution was put to vote and passed.

Mr. M. R Masani withdrew his resolution.

Sir H. P. Mody suggested that the Mayor should immediately address a letter to the Press appealing for funds to the Mayor's China Relief Fund and after a sufficient amount had been collected, a meeting of the Corporators should be called.

The meeting then dispersed.

CAWNPORE LABOUR INQUIRY

Committee Sitting Postponed Till Nov. 15.

PATNA, Oct. 18.

The Cawnpore Labour Enquiry Committee, which was to commence its sitting on October 20, it is understood, has been postponed to November 15 by Babu Rajendra Prasad, its Chairman, on a request from Sir Tracey Gavin Jones, the millowners' representative, and also to suit the convenience of the Chairman himself, who has to attend the Educational Conference to be held at Wardha.

Babu Rajendra Prasad after attending the meeting of the Joint Sugar Committee on the 19th and 20th October, will leave for Wardha on the 20th night. Mr. Satyanarain Singh, M.L.A., (Central) has been invited to attend the sugar committee meeting.—**United Press.**

PUNJAB AND BENGAL GOVTS. CONDEMNED

Resolution At Civil Liberties Conference In London

LONDON, Oct. 17.

At the evening session of the Liberties Conference Mr. N. M. Joshi deplored the use of the criminal procedure code to prevent workers from forming effective Trade Unions.

The Conference passed a resolution condemning enforcement by the Government of India of repressive laws and administrative orders wholly inconsistent with Democracy, and deploring "the policy of the Punjab and Bengal Governments in maintaining the rigour of the old regime."—Reuter

Intimation has been received in Simla, on October 18 of the death of Major B. P. Rosshurst, I. A., (supernumerary list) Dy. Commissioner, Hazara District. He died at the British Military hospital at Murree on October 13.—A. P.

CENTRAL BUDGET PROSPECTS

Increase In Railway And Customs Returns

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, October 18.

With Rs. 3.5 crores increase in the Railway Earnings and three crores and twenty lakhs in the Customs Returns for the first six months of the Financial Year, the Budget prospects for the Government of India should be easy enough, especially when the first year is considered a lean period for trade. But Waziristan operations which are costing a lakh of rupees a day and not likely to be stopped even during the winter are a source of constant worry to the Finance Member.

It is not known yet whether the Viceroy's appeal to the British Government for contribution towards making the Indian Army equipped with up to date weapons of defence would bear fruit during the current year. Even if it does it is not likely to prove a windfall for the Central Exchequer since it will be devoted to a particular purpose. But the Customs Returns which are showing a marked upwards tendency will enable the Finance Member to meet extra demands on the Exchequer owing to Frontier operations especially when according to new arrangements Railways are sure to be able to contribute to the General Revenues and make available some money for distribution among the Provinces.

As regards the Customs Returns, till the end of September silver and cotton piece-goods both of British and non-British manufacture and silverware have proved sources of disappointment. Otherwise, increased returns have been fairly general. A marked feature of the Returns is the increase under Land Customs owing to stringent measures adopted in recent months on all Land Frontiers, Excise duties on sugar, matches, steel ingots and others have yielded beyond expectations. The only snag about the Customs Returns is that they include about 61 lakhs of Excise Duty collected during September in Burma but it had fallen due prior to her separation. On the whole, in case, salt and income-tax returns do not disappoint, the Central Budget results would be satisfactory.

LESS REVENUE FROM TODDY BOOTH SALES

Licences for toddy shops and tree-foot booths in the Bombay Suburban District have yielded less revenue this year than that for the last, as revealed at the auction sale held on Monday, at the Sir C. J. Hall, by Mr. T. E. Streatfield, Collector.

Bidding was slack and the bidders displayed an attitude of reluctance till the afternoon, with a view, it is stated, to hammer down reserve prices as low as possible.

The officials maintained a firm attitude, and late in the evening the bidders rallied and many tree-foot booths and some toddy shops were sold out.

Whatever might be the reasons for the decrease in revenue yield, officials have roundly denied that this was due to fears of Prohibition being enforced in the District. The fall in revenue is ascribed to the usual business variations.

Twelve toddy shops out of the sixteen located in the district were sold out, and they yielded a revenue of Rs. 16,325 which is less than last year's figures by about 40 per cent.

197 tree-foot booths out of a total of 221 sprinkled all over the Suburban District have been leased out and the income from them is Rs. 1,02,935. The licences hold good for a period of nine months only from November 1, 1937, as the licences for the first three months of the year were already issued by the Collector.

The remaining shops and booths would be disposed off by negotiations.

Mr. N. J. Bhaisa, Superintendent of Excise and Khan Saheb F. P. Patel, Excise Inspector, Bandra, assisted the Collector, at the auction.

ITALIAN VOLUNTEERS IN SPAIN

ROME, Oct. 18.

A Communique asserts that the Italian volunteers in Spain approximate 42,000, while those on the Spanish Government side largely exceed this.

It attacks the fantastic figures given in certain quarters abroad.—Reuter.

Canada To Attend Brussels' Conference

OTTAWA, Oct. 18.

The Canadian Government have accepted the Belgian invitation to the Nine Power Conference.—Reuter.

Textile Deadlock To Continue

STRIKERS DEMONSTRATE AT SECRETARIAT

The Secretary, G. K. Union, writes:—

The textile strike wave in the city of Bombay is steadily assuming proportions reminiscent of the days of 1933. As many as three mills are closed for the time being due to the operatives having struck work since last Saturday.

The workers of the Victoria Mill (formerly Satya) have struck work because their very first wages after the opening of the mill are absolutely meagre, let alone the fact that the work of the installation of machinery inside the mill taken from the same works still remains unpaid. The workers of the Crown Mill (both shifts) have gone on strike after the management's refusal to grant their demands, submitted a week earlier including a modest wage increase

The first two disputes have been referred to the Conciliation Court and the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union has been making preparations for the presentation of the strikers' case before the Court and the strikers have responded by submitting all the available data.

A huge joint meeting of strikers of Crown and Victoria Mills was held at Gandhi Maidan on Sunday evening under the auspices of Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag). Mr Bhuse was in chair. Messrs Bhatkar Secretary of the Union, Tambitkar and Belose spoke. A worker of Standard Mills was given a rousing ovation when he rose to give his fraternal support to the strikers assembled in the meeting

A striker from Victoria mill was enthusiastically cheered when he exhorted the audience to stand by the Red Flag. The strikers of Crown and Victoria mills demonstrated before the Secretariat in support of the former's demands and to strengthen the hands of their representatives. The demonstration started from Gandhi Maidan at about 12 noon and wended its way through working class quarters to the Secretariat, shouting usual working class slogans. Messrs. Nimbkar, Dange, Randive, Bhise Bhatkar, Bhandarkar and Tambitkar marched with the procession.

NEGOTIATIONS PROVE ABORTIVE

Negotiations in the Crown Mill Strike proved abortive on Monday evening, following a three-hour Conference of the representatives of the workers and of the management and the Labour Commissioner held at the Secretariat.

The workers' case was that the average monthly wages of a weaver amounted to Rs. 33 which was too low. The management, it appears, agreed to raise the wages of those weavers who were being paid too low, by Rs. 3 a month for each weaver. But the workers rejected this offer as more than 75 per cent of them would not in any way be benefited by it.

The strike in the Crown Mill will continue, according to the representatives of the workers.

Conciliation proceedings in the matter of the Victoria Mill Strike will begin, it is understood, at the Secretariat, to-day (Tuesday) at 3 p.m.

'B' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

No Defalcation In Accounts

Dr. J. V. Vora, President of Mandvi (B) District Congress Committee, writes:

I have come across a report in the "Sentinel" giving account of some alleged defalcation in the affairs of the "B" Ward. The said report is wholly unfounded and untrue. There has been neither defalcation nor anything wrong in the affairs of our Ward A paid sepoy in the service of the Ward had received some money out of membership collection which he had retained with him for a few days. He has paid that money in full and there is an end of the affair, inasmuch as the services of the said sepoy have been dispensed with.

It is really deplorable that the newspaper concerned should have given publicity to an incorrect report without even trying to ascertain facts from the responsible officials of the Committee.

Will Italy Attend It?

ROME, October 18.

Italy has received Belgium's invitation to the Nine Power Conference, in which, it is stated in authoritative circles, "the possibility of Italy participating in the meeting is not excluded."—Reuter.

MUSLIM MASS CONTACT IN BIHAR

Rajen Babu Authorised To Prepare Scheme

PATNA, October 18.

Concentration on Muslim Mass Contact was decided upon by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting held to-day.

A Committee consisting of Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Abdul Bari and two Secretaries of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee was appointed for this purpose.

The Bihar Provincial Congress Committee also authorized Babu Rajendra Prasad to prepare a scheme for the introduction of total Prohibition.—A.P.

MUSLIM LEAGUE RESOLUTIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

were responsible for the deletion of a provision for setting up a sub-Committee for drafting an alternative scheme.

The resolution now passed runs:—

"The All-India Muslim League records its emphatic disapproval of the scheme of all-India Federation as embodied in the Government of India Act 1935, and is opposed to its introduction, and urges upon the British Government to refrain from its enforcement as it considers the scheme to be detrimental to the interests of the people of India generally and to those of Muslims in particular."

The meeting then adopted a resolution expressing the opinion that, in the absence of an agreed settlement between the communities, the introduction of joint electorates in Local Bodies would be inconsistent with the spirit of the Communal Award and would be injurious to the cause of true representation of Muslims in those bodies, particularly in view of the present strained relations between the communities, and calling upon Muslim members of the Assemblies to oppose the introduction of joint electorates

Before lunch, three more resolutions were unanimously passed, the first urging the British Government to take immediate steps to replace the present arbitrary form of Government in Baluchistan by a democratic one similar to those in other provinces; the second desiring immediate abolition of the "line system" in Assam since it interfered with inter-provincial migration of population, infringed the fundamental rights of citizenship, and inflicted great hardship on the immigrants leading to the creation of a landless class.

ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME

By a third resolution, the Conference directed its Working Committee to take immediate steps to frame and put into effect an economic, social and educational programme with a view to fixing the working hours for factory workers and other labourers, fixing minimum wages, improving housing and hygienic conditions of labourers, reducing rural and urban debts and abolishing usury, granting a moratorium with regard to all debts whether decreed or otherwise till proper legislation was enacted, securing legislation for the exemption of houses from attachment or sale in the execution of decrees, obtaining security of tenure and fixation of fair rents and revenue, abolishing forced labour and undertaking rural uplift work, encouraging cottage industries and small indigenous industries both in rural and urban areas, encouraging swadeshi articles especially handwoven cloth, establishing industrial board for the development of industries and prevention of exploitation by the middleman, devising means for the relief of unemployment, advancing compulsory primary education, reorganising secondary and university education, especially scientific and technical, establishing rifle clubs and a military college, enforcing Prohibition, abolishing and removing un-Islamic customs and usages from Muslim Society, organizing volunteer corps for special service, devising measures for the attainment of full Independence, and inviting the co-operation of all political bodies for working to that end.

The resolution was moved by the Raja of Mahmudabad, Chairman of the Reception Committee, who was moved to tears while describing the pitiable plight of the masses.

After adopting the amended constitution which comes into effect in February 1, 1938, the Session of the All-India Muslim League came to a successful conclusion amidst scenes of enthusiasm.

JINNAH WINDS UP SESSION

Winding up the session, the President, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, said that the Session was one of the most momentous historical and practical ever held. The League clearly indicated its policy and programme—"What we want is not only a charter of liberty for the majority community but for all the communities in India, and the minorities living therein. The fundamental principles on which the Muslim League was based were equity, equality—without which there could be no fraternity—and fraternity. Whatever our differences we desire fraternity between all classes of people". Without these three, he said, there could be no liberty, and that, in short, was the policy of the League.

Mr. Jinnah appealed to the audience to take the pledge that the very moment whatever was passed would be given practical effect. He thanked the Reception Committee, the band of young volunteers whom he preferred to term the Muslim National Guards, for the splendid arrangements, and wished the members of the League and the delegates godspeed. He said that no power on earth could resist their desires and aspirations. Whatever the newspapers liked they could write, whatever headlines they chose they could give, but that was not going to decide the issue. He said if they analysed the significance of the controversy, they would come to the inner meaning of the Hindu mind which was domination of Muslims but, he declared, Muslims should rather die than be dominated.

FOR BIJNOR BY-ELECTION

Over Rs. 5,000 was subscribed on the spot for contesting the Bijnor by-election in which the Hon. Mr. Hafiz Mohammed Ibrahim, Minister for Irrigation, U.P., who is seeking re-election on the Congress ticket, is opposed by the League candidate, Mr. Abdus Sami. The subscriptions included Rs. 500 from Mr. Jinnah and an equal amount from the Raja of Mahmudabad who paid it from the sale proceeds of the cap of the young son of the late Maulana Abdul Bari of Farangimahal, which was auctioned.—A.P.

LEAGUE CENTRAL OFFICE FOR BOMBAY

LUCKNOW, October 19.

A meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League, held under the presidentship of Mr. M. A. Jinnah, authorised the President to choose the members of the Working Committee not exceeding 21 in number, and transfer the Central Office of the Muslim League, which is at present at Delhi, to Bombay.

The Council appointed a Sub-Committee consisting of the following to give effect to the resolution on Palestine and report to the Council if and when it becomes necessary to take any further steps.

Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqui, Chaudhury Khaliquazzaman, and Maulanas Shaukatali, Zafarali and Hasratmohani.—A.P.

Jap. Settlement Set On Fire

SHANGHAI: October 18.

Chinese 'planes raided Shanghai seven times to-night. Over 20 searchlights combed the low-clouded skies in vain. While Japanese warships and Japanese batteries peppered the skies with anti-aircraft and machinegun bullets.

THE RAID WAS THE MOST DARING AND THE MOST SPECTACULAR SINCE THE HOSTILITIES STARTED.

BOMBS AIMED AT THE JAPANESE FLAGSHIP "IZUMO" STARTED A BIG FIRE IN THE JAPANESE SECTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENT.

The other targets included the Yangtse-Poo Airfield Store.

A dozen bullets struck a wall near the windows of Reuter's Offices.—Reuter.

5 PLACES IN SHANGHAI SECTOR BOMBED

TOKIO, Oct. 18.

Japanese pombers raided five places in Shanghai Sector this morning. It is claimed that the Japanese aircraft completely destroyed the Chinese military stores at Maliuchen, ten miles from Shanghai.

On the North China Front, Japanese 'planes raided military establishments and air-fields near Fenchow and two other points destroying hangars unchallenged by Chinese 'planes.

Prayers for troops fighting in China were led by the Emperor to-day who personally conducted the harvest festival ceremonies at the imperial palace.—Reuter.

'JUNKS ATTACKED WITHOUT WARNING'

HONGKONG, Oct. 18.

The Japanese Consul-General has ignored the invitation to attend the enquiry into the alleged sinking of Chinese junks which opened here to-day.

Fourteen survivors are available as witnesses, and many exhibits such as shrapnel splinters and bullets. Witnesses alleged that a submarine attacked the junks without warning and sank ten craft with women and children, and probably more than 200 people were drowned.—Reuter.

ROUND UP OF RIOTERS

Shops Close In Panic

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 18.

Trouble restarted since this morning with assaults on unwary and isolated persons in quarters which had been so far unaffected. The total number of injured persons since Thursday reached 115 till eleven this morning, including 57 Hindus. The police started rounding up the rioters whose number is swelling up steadily. Due to panic, shops remain still closed. The town presents a deserted appearance. In view of the city's disturbed situation the District Magistrate has further extended Section 144 till October 24.—A. P.

Seth Govind Das' Offer To Get Mosque Repaired

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 18.

Section 144 has been extended till the morning of October 21. Fresh cases of stray assaults are still continuing.

One Mosque is reported to have been extensively damaged by unknown persons. Seth Govind Das, M. L. A., has undertaken to get the mosque repaired at his own cost, with a view to preventing increased tension.

The Ministers have left to-day for Nagpur, as the situation has considerably improved.—United Press.

No Settlement Of Kustore Colliery Strike

JHARIA, Oct. 17.

No settlement of the Kustore colliery strike has yet been arrived at. About 600 strikers assembled in the Polo Ground here and they were urged to remain peaceful.

A Committee of eleven labourers was formed to negotiate with the authorities with a view to arriving at an amicable settlement.—A. P.

SILHOUETTE COMPETITION

Will Close

TO-MORROW,

20th October, 1937

Arena For Wrestling Tournament

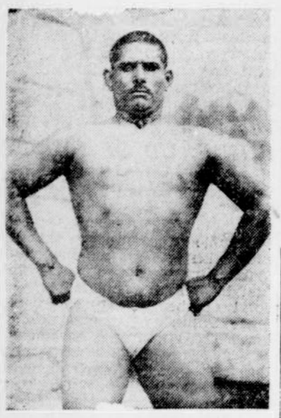
Indian And Chinese Entrants For Contest

(Special to "Chronicle".)

At last, the arena of the International Wrestling Tournament is being built near Churchgate Station in Bombay. It is expected to provide seats for 25,000 persons. Some of the Indian nobility are reported to have offered big sums to have special boxes erected for them.

In any case, this is the first attempt to hold an International Contest or Exhibition in this country. Till now, Indian sportsmen had to go abroad and challenge foreign compeers even in wrestling. Now the foreign wrestlers are being brought to India.

Many of the entrants are scheduled to arrive on the 19th instant, but owing to passport



DANSRAJ BHIRAMAN

regulations, their arrival has been delayed till 1st of November. It is therefore expected that tournament will start on November 3rd, and that it will continue for nearly 8 weeks.

REFEREE AND JUDGES

The Referee of the contest will be Mr. Jonesco, the Manager. He will be assisted by 4 judges.

There will be a sufficiently large number of Indian entrants. Among the latest contestants who will participate will be

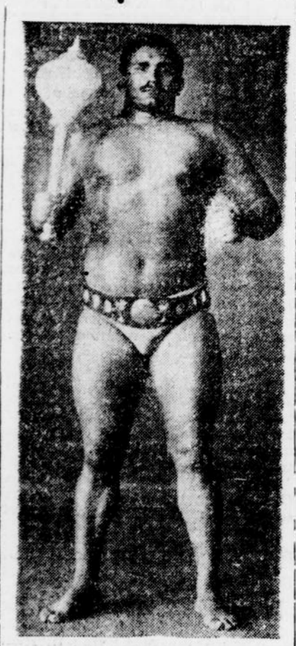
Pratap Singh from Poona.
Gamu Pehlawan from Indore.
Adalah from Cawnpore.

Adalath from Indore and Ramperika Pandit.

HARBANS SINGH is considered one of the best. He is only 24 years old and weighs 15 stones 10 lbs., his height being 5 feet 8 inches.

He has done wrestling during the past 10 years not only in India, but in New Zealand and Australia, China, Siam, Burma, Java and the Philippines. He won the championships of many lands. He won the Australian championship by defeating Tom Lurich the holder of the title. In 1936 he defeated at a tournament in Siam all his opponents not even so much as losing a fall. The Prince-Regent of Siam presented him with a mace, symbolic of the Championship of Siam. Similarly, he defeated all contestants in a tournament in Burma by a wide margin and was presented a silver cup by the Burma Athletic Association.

SANTA SINGH a Punjabi wrestler is 25 years of age, weighs 16 stones 6 lbs. and is 5 feet 9 inches high. He wrestled throughout the world for 10 years and is recognised as the Champion of Malaya, holding this Championship during last 7 years. He was even in U. S. A. where he drew with the then American champion Jim Londos. In Canada, he defeated all comers, but the champion did not come out to accept his challenge. In New Zealand he defeated the then champion of no mean repute, of the name



HARBANS SINGH

George Walker.

JWALA SINGH weighs 16 stone and is 6 feet 1 in. high. He wrestled during the last ten years and is the recognised champion of Hongkong where he defeated all comers.

Among the Eastern colleagues of Indian wrestlers, there is one entrant from Burma and another from China.

WONG BOCK CHEUNG is the last mentioned.

He is Heavy-Weight Champion of all China. Age 31, weight 16 stone 10 lbs. He wrestled during 11 years and has met all the former world champions of U. S. A., viz. Jim Browning (deceased), Gero Somenberg, Joe Savoldi and Dean Detton. Among the prominent wrestlers he has defeated are: Al Karasic (Russian Lion), John Pudubney of Poland, "Tiger" Higgins and Tom Lurch of Australia, Billy Waske former champion of Australia and hundreds of others.

He was wrestling all over China and defeated all comers. Dr. Sun Fo the former President of the Executive Zuav of China and son of Dr. Sun Yat Sen presented him with a silver cup symbolic of the championship of China.

BIG ARRAY OF CHAMPIONS

The financier of the tournament has been able to induce him to come to the contest in Bombay from Malaya.

Any way, some of the most formidable contestants from India and China are ready to meet their colleagues from Europe.

HANUMAN SINGH

Ruikar's Call For United Front

Grievances Of Railway Workers

Mr. R. S. Ruiker in the course of his presidential address at the Bombay Divisional Conference of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union, held at Kalyan on Sunday evening, said:—

A change has come over the political and labour movement after the last general elections to the Provincial Legislatures and it is high time we clearly see whether the working class movement is going and more so the Railway workers movement.

You all know that two of our trusted colleagues have to day the honour to represent the working class in the Bombay Provincial Legislatures on the A.I.T.-U.C. Ticket. Our esteemed Chairman have also been fortunately elected in the Provincial Legislatures. A welcome change has therefore come over the past and the representative character of the G. I. P Railway Workers' Union is now established beyond the shadow of a doubt Com. Jhabvala's election has unquestionably proved that the G. I. P. Railway workers recognize no Union as their own except the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union.

Recognition Of Railway Union.

But though the workers and to some extent even the Bombay Local Government recognize that our Union is the real representative of the G. I. P. Railway workers, the great Moghul of the G. I. P. Railway, our great boss, the Agent refuses to recognize our Union.

Various attempts have been made by our Union to regain its recognition but our Agent has remained adamant. Out critics have always pointed at us the finger of accusation and have held our office bearers responsible for this state of affairs. I think this charge levelled at us is highly unjust and baseless. Our Union has always stuck to all the recognized methods of conducting a Trade Union. In the very nature of things a Trade Union is an organ of class struggle. No one can get over this real class character of a Trade Union under a capitalistic order of society. Our Union has always remained true to this basic idea of a Trade Union. As a matter of fact no Trade Union worth its name can do anything else unless it wants to play the role of the Company Union.

Comrades, while all over the Railways we find this sorry tale of non-recognition of Railway Unions at the top we have the curious spectacle of the A. I. R. F. being recognized by the Railway Board What logic the Railway Board and the Agents follow in adopting this curious attitude, it is too much for mortals like us to appreciate. If the component parts of the A.I.R.F. are unfit for being recognise as Trade Unions how is the A.I.R.F. fit for being recognised as representative of the Railway workers in India. The A.I.R.F has put itself in an anomalous position. I think it is high time that the A.I.R.F. gives up its present lethargic attitude and becomes more active. One only hears of the A.I.R.F. at the time of its six monthly sojourns to Simla or Delhi. It meets in pardah and has most confidential talk with the Railway bosses and then disperses. The Railway workers do not know what are these confabulations carried behind the pardah.

The interest of the Railway workers demands that we must radically change the basis of the A.I.R.F and make it a real working class organisation rather than a half yearly show to have pleasure trips to Simla and Delhi Unless the central organisation of the Railway workers function well there is no hope of getting any redress of the innumerable grievances of the Railway workers. A supreme effort has therefore to be made to visualise and activitise the A.I.R.F

Congress Cabinets And Labour.

If the Congress Ministry decides to take up any comprehensive programme of labour legislation, certainly we should co-operate with it. But if the Congress Ministry unfortunately allows itself to be influenced by the vested interests we will have to perforce to criticise them and reconsider our attitude. Under no circumstances can we afford to compromise on our working class programme. In this connection I am glad to note that the Congress Ministry has made a good beginning by declaring its labour policy. I should think this is a good beginning but still much remains to be done. Moreover we cannot forget that the mere declaration of a fairly good policy is not enough what is necessary is to give concrete effect to it. Without delay the Bombay Government will have to take early steps to give effect to this policy. Too much stress should not be led on prevention of strikes. Under a capitalistic society strikes are inevitable.

GRIEVANCES OF G I P RY WORKERS

Comrades, our immediate task is to obtain redress of the grievances of the Railway workers that task cannot be accomplished without a sound and proper organisation. We cannot shut our eyes to the fact that our organisation is not as efficient as it should be. Naturally the relief that we can secure for the Railway workers is not adequate.

At the same time whatever efforts we can make to obtain redress for the grievances of the Railwaymen we shall make unflinchingly. The major demands of the Railway workers are before the Railway authorities for the last 10 years but what has been the response of the Railway Board? Every so-called reform has in effect worsened the working conditions of the Railway workers. The new scales of pay are another backdoor attack on the workers. The Washington Convention about 8 hours work has remained a dead letter. The housing conditions of the Railway workers of Bombay Division are a standing disgrace to the Railway There are no standard type of quarters and those that are built haphazardly are unfit for human habitation. Kalyan and Thana are only few of the numerous glaring instances.

The lot of gangmen is perhaps the worst. Once in every week they have to attend to night duties immediately after they had completed their day duty.

Several gangmen have been altogether deprived of their past services of 6 to 8 years standing because the records of Engineering Department are missing. Could anything be more scandalous than this? The poor gangman knows not what is security of service. Every third warning means a discharge to him indebtedness has made the lot of the Railway workers still more pitiable. The advent of Payment of Wages Act has alarmed the money lenders and has led many of them to obtain decrees against the Railway workers.

Final Appeal.

To my G. I. P. Railway comrades who have always led the Trade Union movement in this country I make a special appeal to give a correct lead of a United front at this critical juncture. I hope that with the glorious record of 1930 strike behind you the G. I. P Railway workers will be the vanguard in building up a strong and powerful Trade Union movement in India.

REGISTRATION OF HINDU WEDDINGS

Nizam Govt.'s Order

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Oct. 16.

"In view of the representations made by several sections of the Hindu community for protection of Hindu matrimonial rights and proposals of some officers in this respect, the Nizam's Government in the Ecclesiastical Department passed orders for the introduction of the system of registering Hindu marriages," says a communique issued this evening. The work for the present has been entrusted to the Police Department, which would keep registers for the purpose and make entries without levying any fee, whenever a wedding ceremony is held in the Hindu community. The police Patels (in the districts) have, however, been enjoined not to exercise compulsion in the matter but to record such marriages only about which information is willingly offered. They have also been asked to restrict their work only to make the necessary entries in the registers and have nothing to do with the usual ceremonies connected with marriages. It is learnt in this connection that Mr. Ranga Reddy an elected member of the Hyderabad Council has given notice of a bill to be moved in the Council at its next meeting about Arya Marriage Validation Bill.

Committee To Wait On Ministers

Chari Strike Gathers Strength: Peasant Demands Formulated

Over two thousand peasants of Chari mustered strong in a huge meeting on Sunday afternoon for strengthening their strike against the local money-lending zemindars, which has been going on for the last four years.

As is now fairly well-known this struggle in which the tenants have demanded nothing more than that the produce of the land, should be shared half and half between themselves and the landlords (the pre-strike ratio being 8 to 12), has cost the peasants immense hardship.

A mass meting of the strikers at Chari and the surrounding villages was held on Sunday noon. Among others it was attended from Bombay by Messrs. S. V. Parulekar, M.L.A., B. T. Ranadive and S. G. Sardesai. Mr A. V. Chitre, M.L.A. and Mr Tipnis, the peasant leader of Alibag were also present.

The demands of the strikers are as follows:—

(1) The produce of the land should be divided equally between landlord and tenant.

(2) The existing tenancy agreement should be abolished, since they reduce the tenant to a state of semi-serfdom.

(3) The return of all property of the tenants attached or sold in execution of decrees for the non-payment of rent. The return of all lands to the original tenants (Some lands have been rented out by the landlords to a few strike-breakers)

(4) The landlords to bear all the expenses for bringing back the lands, which have been lying waste for four years, to normal conditions.

(5) Withdrawal of all criminal prosecutions and the suspension of all civil suits arising out of strike.

Following are the members elected to the strike committee and the deputation respectively.

Messrs. N.N. Patil (Chairman); R. B. More, G J. Mokal, Secretaries; N. P Patil, S. N. Patil, Chaya Baboo, Parshuram Ragho, G. R. Patil, A. K. Patil, S. P. Patil K. G. Gavand, S. J Thakur and S. G. Sardesai

Deputation:—

Messrs. S. V. Parulekar, A. V. Chitre, S. G. Sardesai, N. N. Patil, G J Mokal, S. N. Patil and N P. Patil.

Later in the evening the strike committee and the deputation also met to chalk out their future courses of action. It was decided immediate to organise a series of meetings in Chari and the surrounding area and invite leading peasant and working-class leaders from Bombay and Maharashtra to address them. The deputation decided to seek an interview with the ministers after the 10th of November.

PROHIBITION IN BILKHA PROGRESSES

Peoples' Address To Ruler

RAJKOT, Oct. 15.

Legislation, forbidding the manufacture, sale and importation in Bilkha State of alcoholic liquors, which was announced by Durbar Shree Rawatvala Sahib at Chital last month, has been evoking gratifying response.

On his departure from Rajkot to preside over the Vijayadashami Race Meeting held at Bilkha last afternoon, the Chief of Bilkha was complimented on his public spirited zeal in maintaining Kathiawar's supremacy in thoroughbred stock. He was persuaded to accept a civic address at Medarda (a flourishing emporium of export trade in groundnuts and ghee) in Gir forest on November 19, to enable his subjects to give expression to their feelings of gratitude at their enlightened ruler having given a lead to his brother princes in abolishing what he rightly considered an evil pernicious to humanity.—

DON'T BARGAIN WITH MUSSOLINI

(Continued from page 6)

planes, tanks and machine guns will reach the Republican army.

But they would come too late if, in the meantime, the combined offensive from the Aragon front and the coast could succeed.

Hence, these dilatory diplomatic tactics. The longer the French frontier can be kept closed, the brighter are Franco's chances.

This plan under-estimates the preparedness and the stubbornness of the Republican armies. Even in Catalonia, where the reorganization began in earnest only after May, they are not likely to be overwhelmed.

If, however, they are still poorly armed, while the Italians command the air, the defence will cost thousands of lives that adequate armament would spare.

It ought to be clear to the French Government, which dreads a victory for Franco, that it risks everything by its timidity and patience.

It ought to be clear to the British Government, which does not wish to see Mussolini the over-lord of Spain, that the survival of the Republic is the one guarantee against an Italian occupation of the Peninsula.

Governments which respected themselves would talk no longer. No one in his sober senses believes, or ever has believed, that the Duce intended to withdraw his troops.

The only proper course is to open the frontier without further parley and restore to the Republic her rights.

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VIDYA MANDIR SCHEME

C. P. Education Minister On Literacy Drive

AMRAOTI, Oct. 16.

Yesterday afternoon the Hon. Pt. Ravi Shankar Shukla, Education Minister before a large and distinguished gathering in the District Council Hall explained his Vidyamandir scheme.

Pointing out the low percentage of literacy in India he urged that a campaign against illiteracy was most essential to understand political conditions in the Council. The kind of training that would be given in the Vidyamandir, Gandhiji himself would explain on 23rd instant. There was no difference between his and Gandhiji's ideas, which aimed at making every school self-important.

In the evening Pt. Shukla visited the village Loni, which is a centre for uplift work and where most of the people have become literate.—A. P.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

THE KING'S JOURNEY.

Only then did D'Artagnan fully appreciate the favour the cardinal had conferred upon him by admitting him to the Musketeers. Though Aramis had procured through his acquaintance at Tours the queen's permission to take Madame Bonacieux out of the convent at Bethune, it was of little value to D'Artagnan as long as he was in the camp at La Rochelle.

The relationship between Aramis and a seamstress who called the queen her sister in her letter could not but amuse the others. Only when Aramis declared that he would never again use his cousin as an intermediary unless they stopped their fun, did the four musketeers hold their tongues concerning Marie Michon.

The cardinal accompanied his Majesty to Mauzes, where the king and his minister took leave of each other with great demonstrations of friendship.

On their arrival at Paris the king thanked M. de Treville and permitted him to give his men four days' leave.

D'ARTAGNAN'S EVIL GENIUS.

The four friends were among the first ones to be granted leave and set off at once for Bethune. The next evening they dismounted before the inn at Arras. While they were enjoying a glass of wine, a horseman came out of the postyard, where he had just obtained a relay and started off at a gallop along the road to Paris. Although it was in the month of August, he was wrapped up in a cloak, but the wind blew it open and also lifted his hat, which the rider just managed to seize and pull over his eyes again.

D'Artagnan turned very pale and let his glass fall. He dashed into the corridor, but his friends stopped him at the door.

"Where the devil are you going in such a hurry?" cried Athos.

"It is he!" cried D'Artagnan pale with anger and with perspiration on his brow.

"He What he?" asked Athos.

IF YOU ARE SEEING SPOTS YOU ARE SEEING TROUBLE

Everyone recognises familiar danger signals such as the red flag used on the railways. Nature, too, gives her danger signals, some of which are more familiar than others. For instance, spots before the eyes warn you that your liver is not functioning properly.

The liver is the body's most important organ—the storehouse of fuel and energy, the filter of the blood. To neglect signs that the liver is upset is to court disaster.

Watch out, therefore, for spots before the eyes, a dull frontal headache or a general feeling of lassitude. Turn immediately to Andrews Liver Salt—the wonderful tonic laxative. This pleasant effervescing health drink works systematically and naturally through the entire digestive tract. In the stomach it counteracts acidity. In the small intestines, the carbon dioxide it forms soothes the lining membrane, in the liver it stimulates the flow of bile assisting digestion, particularly of fats, and the lubrication of the intestinal walls. In the lower intestine it breaks up the waste matter by inducing temporarily through *osmosis*, an increased water content.

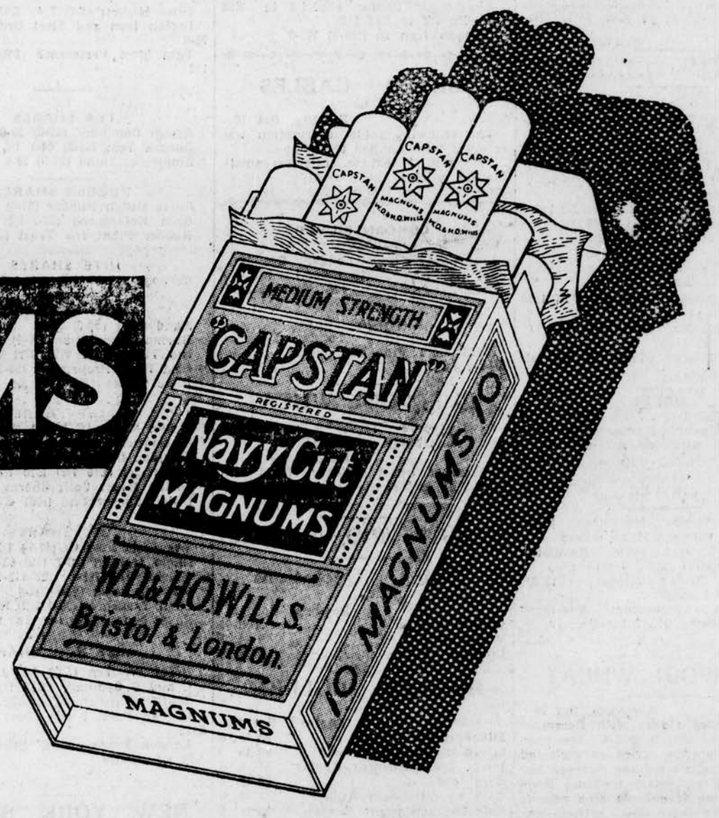
These combined actions make for the natural elimination of waste and the toning up of every organ in the body, particularly the most important—the liver. Andrews Liver Salt has the endorsement of medical men as the safest laxative at all ages and in any climate. You should take Andrews regularly. Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

BETTER BUY CAPSTAN THEY'RE BLENDED BETTER

WILLS'S

CAPSTAN

MAGNUMS



IMPORTED FROM LONDON

CAP/127

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS DOWN

Silver Steady But Wheat And Base Metals Easy

BOMBAY, Oct 18

On Monday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton was early easy but later improved on trade and foreign buying. The closing tone was slightly easy.

SILVER STEADY

London gold was quiet but silver was steady.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy. Base metals were weak.

The London Stock Exchange was quietly steady on scattered enquiry. Giltedged securities attracted some attention but the general demand was restricted.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Oct 18

Previous closing	8.32
To-day's opening	8.27
Difference	—.05
To-day's closing	8.27
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Oct 18

Previous closing	4.79
To-day's opening	4.73
Difference	—.06
To-day's closing	4.79
Difference	unchanged

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 165

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct 18

The lack of fresh incentive which was further accentuated by weakness of Liverpool and absence of buyers with the result that prices gradually declined.

Trading in December commenced at 8.27 i.e. 5 points lower than previous closing prices eased on lower Liverpool and foreign selling with some liquidation but subsequently the market steadily recovered on trade and foreign buying the price gradually recovering to 8.34.

New York cotton finally closed at 8.27 with a decline of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 18

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.34/8.33) 8.27/8.27
January (8.37/8.35) 8.24/8.24
March (8.34/8.33) 8.23/8.23

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 18

American October (4.73) 4.72
American December (4.78) 4.77
Sakels November (6.23) 6.24
Sakels January (6.70) 6.72

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct 18

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 166-4 and Rs. 164-4. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 166-4.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct 18

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (2-2 1/4) 2-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-0) 2-0

JUTE

New Crop October November (£21 1/16 paid) £21 sellers
Dunlop October (£23 1/4) £23 1/4 sellers.
Lightning October (£22) £21 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 15/16 buyers) 7 7/8 value
Forward January March (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November October (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta October November (£15 11/16 sellers) £15 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata October (£13 3/4 sellers) £13 3/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal November (£13 13/16 sellers) £13 3/4 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct 18

Wheat opened steady with December at 102 1/2 and March 99 3/4. The market was moderately active on scattered buying with sellers keeping reserved but subsequently reactionary tendency developed following favourable crop reports from Australia under which activity was restrained.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 18

Chicago wheat opened quiet with December at 0.98 1/4 Prices declined on local selling and liquidation following favourable Australian crops reports and lower outside markets with rate further declining to 0.93.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Oct 18

Previous closing	4.95 7/8
To-day's opening	4.95 7/8
To-day's closing	4.95 3/4

I I LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct 18

Previous closing	4.95.95
To-day's opening	4.95.80
To-day's closing	4.95.80

FRANC RATE

London, Oct 18

Previous closing	147.28
To-day's opening	147.31
To-day's closing	146.65

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 18

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.95.90 and then slightly eased to 4.95.85 on lack of adequate support.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.95.80.

Franc opened at 147.08 and then sharply improved to 146.95 on good buying support with a steadier trend thereafter.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 146.65.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.120) 11.087
New York on Bombay (37.48) 37.47
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan (94.25) 94.23
London on Shanghai (1-2 3/8) 1-2 3/8
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£222 1/2 buyers £222 3/4 sellers. Easy) £219 3/4 buyers £220 sellers. Easy
Lead (£18 buyers £18 1/16 sellers. Steady) £18 1/8 buyers £18 3/16 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£50 1/2 to £52 1/2) £50 1/2 to £52 1/2
Glasgow Iron sh (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Oct 18

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"No special feature. Business small. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 18

Spot	(19 15/16d.) 20d.
Forward	(19 7/8d.) 19 7/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 18

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-4) £7-0-4 1/2

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Oct 18

Liverpool wheat October closed at 103 1/2 as against the previous closing at 104.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct 18

Wheat January	5 6 6
Wheat May	5 4 3
Linseed	8 5 9

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct 18

Silver ready	50 15 0
Silver 1st settlement Asho	50 15 9
Silver 2nd settlement Kartak	51 0 6
Gold ready	34 12 0
Gold 1st settlement Asho	34 12 0
Gold 2nd settlement Kartak	31 11 9
Sovereign	22 3 6

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association)

Bombay, Oct 18

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m	8 6 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 6 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment.
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8 5 6

3½ P. C. GOVT PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct 18

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 98 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 97-15-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	98 0 0
Highest	98 0 0
Lowest	97 15 0
Closing	97 15 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct 18

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling closed at £93 as against the previous closing at the same rate

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct 18

4-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£92 1/2) £93 1/2
3 per cent Indian (£92 3/4) £93
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113 1/4) £111 Ex Div.
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/4) £108 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108) £107 5/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 3/4) £74 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 1/4) £100 3/8
1 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 3/4) £106 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/8) £110 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/2) £101 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 18

2-30 p.m.

Giltedgeds were quietly steady. Internationals were undecided. Otherwise markets generally improved especially Coppers, home industrials and oils.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (120-0) 109-4 1/2 ex div
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (61-0) 59-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (£5) £4 7/8
Musical Industries (17-9) 17-9
Princhin Johnson (39-6) 40-0
Imperial Chemical (36-3) 36-10 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (63-6) 65-0
Realisation 1930 (£84 1/2) £84 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (33-6) 34-6
Unilever Ordinary (36-9) 37-3
Ford Motors (25-4 1/2) 24-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£68) £68
British American Tobacco (106-3) 108-1 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (145-0) 147-6
P and S N Company Deferred (25-6) 26-6
Distillers (105-9) 106-6
Bredford Dyes (£6 1/4) £6 1/4
British Celanese (£5 3/4) £5 3/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (42-6) 43-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-6) 50-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-3) 8-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (27-0) 27-7 1/2
Inter Nickels (£45 3/4) £47
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (75-0) 75-0
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Teas (43-9) 44-4 1/2
Empire of India (33-0) 33-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (31-6) 31-6
Gula Kelampong (30-7 1/2) 30-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-6) 30-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (50-0) 50-0
Burma Corporation (15-9) 15-9
Rio Tintos (£17 1/2) £17 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 56-10 1/2
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £1 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 3/4) £13 3/4
Association Portland Cement (80-0) 83-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (110-0) 110-0
Sub Nigel (£10 1/8) £10 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 31-3
Union Corporation (£8) £8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (41-10 1/2) 45-0
Anglo Iranian (80-7 1/2) 83-3
Burma Oil (115-7 1/2) 118-1 1/2
Musical Eagle (13-0) 13-6
Shell Transport (99-4 1/2) 100-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£39 1/8) £40 1/2

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 3/4) £63 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£30 1/2) £29 5/8
Southern Dutch (£20) £20 5/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/4) £125
London Transport 'C' Stock (£81 1/4) £79 1/4 ex div.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct 18

To-day's opening rates were as follows:

General Motors (dol 40) dol 41
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 31 3/8) dol 32 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 66 1/4) dol 68 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 115 1/2) dol 115 1/2

INDORE MARKET QUOTATION

Indore, Oct 17

Wheat Bombay Pass fts. 2/ 29
Wheat Malwi Rs. 24 26
Wheat Pissi Rs. 25 27
Tilseeds Rs 34 36
Linseeds Bold Brown Rs. 31 32
Dnana Rs 36 40
Tuar Rs. 20 22
Ajavan Rs. 18 20
Oil cakes Rs. 11 12
Cottonseeds Rs. 11 12
Moog (Green) Rs. 30 32
Moog (Black) Rs. 22 24
Linta Rs 15 17
Jaungari of Kolopur Rs. 22 24
Chilies Rs 65 67
Gram Rs 17 18
Jawar Rs 12 13
Bajara Rs. 18 20
Ghee Rs. 200 240
Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 65 67
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 60 65
Cotton Broach opening per candy of 784 lbs. 166
Cotton Broach closing per candy of 784 lbs. 166/4
Nazzarana Rs. 5
Gali Farack Rs. 2/4
Satan per than.
Hukumchand Rs. 4
Indore Malwa Rs. 3/12
Bhandari Rs. 3/10
Rajakumar Rs. 3/5
Binod Rs 3/6
State Rs. 3/-
Wheat flour Maida per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 10
Whea flour Rawa per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 11
Wheat flour Ata per bag of 90 srs. R 9
Wheat Chapad per bag of 40 srs. Rs. 4
Shares:—
100 P N Bhandari Ltd. L. State Mills Rs. 26
100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd. Rs 83
100 Indore Malwa Debentures Rs. 84
100 Hukumchand Mills Ltd. Rs. 231
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. Ordy Rs. 116
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. Pref Rs. 115
100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd Rs. 34
100 Binod Mills Ltd. Rs. 78
100 Nandalal Bhandari Mills Ltd. Rs. 97
500 Hira Mills Ltd. Rs. 508
25 Indore Premier Co-operative Bank Ltd. Rs. 10
25 Indore Co-operative Press Ltd. Rs. 4
25 Bank of Indore Ltd. Rs. 40
10 Hukumchand Jute Ltd Rs. 10
25 United Tyre and Rubber and Co. Ltd. Rs. 10
5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd. Rs. 11
Bullion:—
Gold Bar per tolas Rs. 36
Silver Bar per 100 tolas Rs. 51

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
Dec. 157 Jan. 159 March 171 May 180 at Cross Rate 4.95 7/8.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1938 167—Liverpool May 1938 Rs. 4.89 Rs. 46 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1938 167—New York May 8.29 Rs. 18 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.95 7/8.

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Oct. 16.

Broach A/M. 1938 op. 165 1/4; highest 169; lowest 165 1/4; closing 169.
Oomra D/J. op. 147 1/2; highest 150 1/4; lowest 147 1/2; closing 150 1/4.
Oomra March op. 149 1/4; highest 151 1/4; lowest 149; closing 151 1/4.
Bengal D/J. op. 132 1/2; highest 135; lowest 132 1/2; closing 134 1/4.
Bengal March op. 133; highest 135 1/2; lowest 133; closing 135.
Teji/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-10-37) Rs. 4 1/4
Teji/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-11-37) Rs. 9 3/4.
Teji/Mandi for Broach April/May (3-3-38) Rs. 21 3/4

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Monday, the 18th October 1937, tenders to the amount of £420,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 27th October 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Monday, the 18th October 1937. Total amount offered and accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, at Rs. 99-13-0, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0-12-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 26th October 1937. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 29th October 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 15th October 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,41,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Trade Tendencies

Messrs. M and B. Stern have received the following cable advice:—

Cotton:—"Noticeable holding movement at under 8 cents. Better trade demand and prefer purchases at any decline.

Wheat:—"Steady market due political uncertainties however prefer moderate sales."

Rubber:—"Liquidation appears over and more cheerful tone prevails although outlook still uncertain till result next meeting known.

Sugar:—"Remains steady but December liquidation still continues otherwise featureless."

Metals:—"General opinions prefer adopt a waiting and cautious policy due political uncertainties and pessimism America."

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Far Eastern Bonds Easier

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct 18

On the Stock Exchange the new account opened cheerfully. Business was limited, but the trend in most sections was towards higher levels, especially among industrials. Internationals however reacted in final dealings. The far eastern bonds were also easier.

Among commodities, rubber was weak due to heavy American selling. Tin eased on account of continued absence of support on foreign exchanges.

France was firmer on the latest election results.

Wall Street was firm and then irregular.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 16.

	Dol.
Ame. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	33
American Form Power Com.	3
Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	40
Columbia Gas	8
American Tel and Tel.	151 1/2
Western Union Telg.	30 1/2
Canadian Pacific Railway	8
New York Central Railway	21
Allis Chalmers	45
U. S. Rubber	39
Boeing Airplane	25
Phillips Petroleum	38
Bethlehem Steel 7 p.c. Pfd.	95
West Chlorine	13
Imperial Oil of Canada	18
Bethelehem Steel	58
Crucible Steel	33
Ludlum Steel	19
National Steel	65
Republi Steel	19
United States Steel	68 1/2
American Rolling Mills	24
United States Smelting	67
Anaconda Copper Mining	32 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	45 1/2
Chrysler Motors	73
General Motors	40 1/2
General Electric	40 1/4
Union Carbide	80
Socony Oil	15 3/4
Chase Bank	34
National City Bank	31
Sun Life of Canada	460
Westinghouse Airbrake	24
Firestone Rubber	21
Crucible Steel 7 per cent Pfd.	100
Steel of Canada	62

Closed firmer; somewhat better feeling. Pittsburgh Steel operation 55 per cent Westinghouse Air Brake earned dol. 1.88 in 9 months; 59 cents in the third quarter Turnover 1 1/2 million shares.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Alexandria, Oct. 16.

SAKEL—	
November	14.53+43.
January	14.52+44.
ASHMOUNI—	
December	10.25+16.
February	10.27+14.
April	10.29+14.
GIZA—	
November	12.88+34.
January	12.66+23.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Total Bullion	£328,100,000
Public Deposits	£ 26,100,000
Other Deposits (A)	£129,300,000
Govt. securities	£105,100,000
Other securities (B)	£ 29,700,000
Notes and Coin	£ 38,300,000
Notes in circulation	£489,900,000
Ration of Reserve to liabilities	24.63 p. c.
(A) Other deposits include bankers	£ 92,900,000
(B) Other securities include discounts and advances	£ 9,200,000

(Continued from Col. 7.)

mattress fibre; 50 boxes d. c. nuts.

From Osaka:—100 cases cotton and rayon piece goods; 953 cases rayon yarn; 59 cases German silver circles; 317 cases artificial silk yarn; 67 cases cotton fents; 50 cases spun silk yarn; 175 cases copper wire; 34 cases shoes material; 776 bundles stone powder; 210 cases glass bangles; 1359 cases cotton piece goods; 332 cases cotton yarn; 77 cases bicycle fittings; 72 cases glass tubes; 976 cases glassware; 70 cases toys; 143 cases glass bottles; 37 cases celluloid bangles; 200 coils hook iron; 158 cases cotton jeans; 90 cases cotton flannel; 142 cases cotton piece goods.

From Kobe:—37 cases bobbins; 151 bags gingers; 225 bundles sewing needles; 1837 cases cotton piece goods; 606 cases cotton piece goods; 95 cases rayon yarn; 65 cases cotton and rayon yarn; 47 cases glassware; 60 cases cotton yarn; 46 cases rayon piece goods; 50 cases camphor tablets; 195 cases silk yarn; 42 cases artificial silk goods; 246 cases artificial silk yarn; 99 cases cotton jeans; 77 cases celluloid bangles; 61 cases artificial silk yarn; 57 cases toys; cotton yarn; 205 cases cotton and 446 cases cotton and rayon piece goods; 31 cases cotton fents; 168 cases weaving machine and accessories; 306 cases cotton and artificial silk piece goods; 40 cases enamelledware; 46 cases celluloid goods; 41 cases motor car tyre; 40 cases rubber air balloons; 242 cases cotton remnants; 700 cases porcelain tiles; 125 cases glass bottles; 50 cases bleaching paste.

S.S. Tacklan; agents Standard Vacuum Oil Co. from Palembang: —700 tons kerosene oil in bulk.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, October 18.

L. Edward's s.s. Falkenfels of 3852 reg. tons. Capt. Schwiefert, arrived on 17th instant from Karachi via Bedi Bunder and Marmagoa with general cargo.

T. Morrison's s.s. Khosrou of 2471 reg. tons, Capt. E. L. Gibbons, arrived on 17th instant from Calcutta via Marmagoa in ballast.

B.I.S.N.'s s.s. Gambada of 3252 reg. tons, Capt. G. H. Johnson, arrived on 17th instant from Calcutta via Madras with coal and general cargo.

L. Triestino's s.s. Conte Rosso of 9909 reg. tons, Capt. G. Fabres, arrived on 18th instant from Trieste via Venezia, Brindisi, Port Said, Gibaiti with passengers and general cargo.

F. F. Campbell's s.s. Pres. Garfield of 6233 reg. tons, Capt. A. W. Aitken, arrived from Los Angeles via San Francisco, Honolulu, Kobe, Hongkong Manila, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

N. Y. Kaisha's s.s. Anyo Maru, of 5741 reg. tons, Capt. H. Taguchi, arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

N. Y. Kaisha's s.s. Toyama Maru of 4386 reg. tons, Capt. Y. Matsusto, arrived from Yokohama via Shimedzu, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Saikto, Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo with cotton and rayon goods and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, October 18.

Lloyd Triestino's s.s. Conte Rosso of 9909 reg. tons, Capt. G. Fabres, sailed for Trieste via Post Said, with passengers and local cargo.

LOADING

Bombay, October 18.

The following vessels booked for loading on 18-10-37:—

S.S. Khosrou (T.M.) for Aden, Red Sea Ports, Jeddah via Karachi.

S.S. Warfield (M.M.) for Aden, Red Sea Ports, Europe and American Ports via London.

S.S. Toyama Maru (N.Y.K.) for Bedi Bunder, Karachi, Singapore and China, Japan Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, October 18.

2 Himalaya, 3904, Colombo, 18-10, L. Triestino.
7 Ehrenfels 4,775, Karachi 20-10 L. Edwards.
8 Britannia 5281, Liverpool 21-10, Anchor Line, Ltd.
11 Cathay 8716 London 23-10 M.M.
12 Jeypore, Karachi, 19-10, M.M.
15 Kybfels 4785 Antwerp 20-10 L. Edwards.
B.P.S. Conte Rosso, 9996, Triestino, 18-10, L. Triestino.

Victoria Dock

3 Barala, 1899, P.-Gulf, 20-10, M. M.
4 Varsova, 1955, Busra, 21-10, M. M.
5 Janaki 530 M. Coast 19-10, Malabar Steamship Ltd.
8 Gambada, 3252, Karachi, 20-10, M. M.
10/11 C/o Kobe, 2,743. Karachi, N.F., J. Finlay.
16 Indira, 278, N.F., N.F., The New Dholera Steamship, Ltd.

Prince's Dock

C/R Jalatarang, 1,464, N.F., 19-10, Scindia S. N.
F Cranfield, 3213, Rangoon, 21-10 M. M.
L Khosrou 2471, N.F., N.F. T. Morrison.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Viceroy of India 25-10-37 P & O
Warfield 18-10-37 P & O S N
Narkunda 4-11-37 P and O
Ranpura 11-11-37 P and O
Strathnaver 26-9-37 P and O S N
Rajputana 28-10-37 P. and O.
Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

California 20-10-37 Anchor Line

FROM PLYMOUTH

City of Simla 18-10-37 Killick Nixon

FROM OSLO

Simla 27-10-37 L Edwards

FROM GENOA

Antonette Coasta 21-10-37 L. Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.

Tango Maru 30-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Taijin Maru 23-10-37 O S Kaisha
Kidderpore 21-10-37 P & O S N

FROM HAMBURG

Aagtekerk 26-10-37. L Edward.

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Hayes 28-10-37 F F Campbell
New Orleans 8-11-37. L Edwards.
Potter 24-10-37. L Edward.

FROM BASRA

Bandra 21-10-37 M M

FROM DURBAN.

Tairea 30-10-37 M M

FROM KARACHI.

Vita 21-10-37 M M
Kybfels 20-10-37 L Edward.

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Cathay 23-10-37 P and O.
Manela 2-11-37 P and O S N
Mongolia 6-11-37 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 30-10-37 P and O

FOR PLYMOUTH.

City of Simla 23-10-37 K Nixon

FOR SYDNEY

Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O.
Narkunda 4-11-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britania, 21-10-37. Anchor Line, Ltd.
City of Canterbury 25-10-37 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG.

Kybfels 20-10 L. Edwards.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Monroe 12-11-37 F F Campbell
Pres. Garfield 18-10-37. F F Campbell.
Pres. Hayes 29-10-37 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 19-10-37 L. Triestino

FOR GENOA.

Victoria 3-11-37, L Triestino.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Conte Biancamano 1-11-37, L Triestino.
Rajputana 28-10-37, P & O.
Anyo Maru 15-10-37, N Y Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 24-10-37, O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru 1-11-37, N Y Kaisha
Taijin Maru 8-11-37, O S Kaisha.
Himalaya 17-10-37 L Triestino

FOR KARACHI.

Vita 23-10-37, M M.
Ellora 25-10-37, M M.
Toyama Maru 19-10-37 N Y Kaisha.
Ehrenfels 17-10-37 L Edward

FOR CALCUTTA

Antonietta Costa 21?10?37 L. Triestino.
Goalpara 24-10-37 M. M.

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 2-11-37, T. Morrison.

FOR BASRA.

Varsova 21-10-37, M M
Barala 20-10-37, M M.

FOR DURBAN.

Kenya 27-10-37, M M.
Tairia 10-11-37. M M.

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S.S. Shwedagon, 15-10-37.
S.S. Hoegh, Merchant, 15-10-37.
S.S. Naringa, 16-10-37.
S.S. Janaki, 16-10-37.
S.S. Jalamani, 16-10-37.
S.S. Nurmahal (boats), 16-10-37.
S.S. Corfu (boats), 16-10-37.
S.S. Noorjhan (boats), 16-10-37.

EXPORTS

S.S. Cathay, for Marseilles:—110 bags kang grain H Khiaram; 2560 bags groundnut seed The Cotton Agents; 1318 bags groundnuts K. Devchand; 1400 bags castor seed K. Triamji; 248 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros.

For London:—11 bags isinglass R. Dhanjee; 39 bales cotton rags The Overseas Cotton Waste; 33 cases bristles B. Phillips and Hayley; 12 bags cow hides P. E. Boyce; 40 cases bristles W. H. Brady; 50 casks condiments D. D. Framjee; 42 bags gum D. Mavji.

S.S. Britannia for Glasgow:—467 bags cotton seed oil cake R. Ratilal.

For Liverpool:—1350 bags groundnut oil cake Suren Piras; 80 bags wool raw B. Harbham; 16 bags wool raw M. Umarsey.

S.S. Pres. Garfield for Alexandria:—122 bales cotton piece goods A. H. Diab

For Izmir:—50 bales cotton g. m. yarn A. H. Diab.

For Jaffa:—37 bales cotton g. m. yarn A. H. Diab.

For Tripoli:—23 bales cotton g. m. yarn A. H. Diab.

For Beyrouth:—17 bales cotton g. m. yarn A. H. Diab; 15 bales grey cotton yarn A. E. Ejel.

For Talanin:—12 bags cotton raw A. H. Diab.

For Rotterdam:—54 bags kanggrain B. Balwant; 1300 bags groundnut seed The Cotton Agents.

For Hamburg:—160 bags cassien D. Abraham; 35 bags gum S. Khetsey; 25 bags cotton twist waste V. P. Maskai; 15 bales cow hides D. Abraham; 8 bales buffalo hides D Abraham; 264 bales cotton waste clean M. Chandulal.

S.S. Anyo Maru for Kobe:—105 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co.; 200 bales cotton raw S. Karamshi; 350 bales cotton raw The Nissho; 450 bales cotton raw A. Podar; 500 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 250 bales cotton raw T. M. Kaisha; 200 bales cotton raw N. Fatehally; 500 bales cotton Langley and Co..

For Yokohama:—200 bales cotton raw T. M. Kaisha.

IMPORTS

Bombay October 18.

S.S. Gamaria agents M. Mackenzie, from Singapore:—8885 bags sago flour: 2111 bags betelnuts; 299 bags gum; 50 bags pearl tapioca; 1649 bundles rattans; 71 cases component parts of rubber fittings; 61 cases damar batu; 100 bundles sandal wood logs.

From Colombo:—74 bundles

(Continued in Col. 5.)

Liverpool & Bombay Buyers Of Cotton

Scarcity Of Offerings

Markets Show More Resistance To Decline

BOMBAY, October 18.

Calling of the special session of the U. S. Congress is apparently encouraging holding movement. There was Liverpool and Bombay buying on New York Cotton Exchange and prices improved few points.

Bombay, Oct. 18.

The New York cotton market opened steady on Saturday and prices advanced on Liverpool cables and foreign trade buying. Hedge selling was light again Finally realising and Commission House and local selling were in evidence and the tone of market was steady.

Liverpool and Bombay were conspicuous buyers of cotton and with contracts scarce the prices advanced easily although when orders were filled, market reacted partially.

The market opened at a rise of 7 points at 8.33 and declined to 8.31 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on prices advanced to 8.36 which was the highest level and prices reacted few points before the close. The session ended in a rise of 9 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 8.62c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 7 to 3 points, Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 8.38c. per lbs.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

The early advance reflected the combination of a sold-but market and a scarcity of contracts due to the holding movement with Southern hedging contra seasonally light while a belated renewal of demand for cotton goods aided sentiment.

Some buying was attracted by prospects of some form of crop control at the forthcoming special session of Congress. The market in the latter part of the week was reactionary on the belief that the advance was too rapid in the face of record world supplies and that any further gain might attract unhedged cotton.

Some traders are hoping that large American supplies at low prices will furnish an opportunity for the United States to regain her export markets and possibly discourage the rising trend of foreign production.

A firmer basis and a better demand for spot cotton did not attract freer offerings. Meanwhile the majority express the opinion that sharp declines will not be experienced and any reactions should furnish buying opportunities.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 7 points with January 4.77. The market advanced on overseas hedging meeting with short covering. There was trade calling and Bombay buying which met with profit-taking. The market closed at a rise of 9 to 10 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 11 points at 4.93d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was steady. Giza futures closed 5 points down to 9 points up and Uppers futures advanced 10 to 12 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria market was fairly firm with improved buying. Sakels futures advanced 44 to 39 points and Ashmouni futures gained 21 to 12 points

WEIGHT OF COTTON.

Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson state:—"The local situation is beginning to feel the weight of cotton pointing in this direction and hedges have been distinctly more numerous. More cotton still would probably have been bought except for a scarcity of freight which, we understand, is due to the fact that a great many boats have been chartered by the Japanese Government for transport of troops and supplies to the centres of their operations. There has also been competition from grain and other products for the available supply of shipping. As we anticipated, liquidation has become distinctly heavy in the next month option and quite a considerable amount has been transferred into more distant positions with the result that a distinct weakening has taken place. This has tended to narrow the parity between here and New York in this position, for, in contradiction to the weakness locally, strength has been displayed overseas, where a premium of 18 American points exists over December there, as against a discount of about 16 American points in the corresponding month in this market. This is a somewhat unexpected situation and produces the illogical situation of a true parity of not much more than 140 points between October and October, whilst July is in the neighbourhood of 190 One or other must be wrong and, to our view, sales of the distant month around 190 points difference should ultimately prove a satisfactory operation.

Despite the recent decline, the premium existing here over Bombay has not narrowed further and we still think that purchases in Liverpool of next Summer months against sales of April/May Broach around 1d. per lb. apart will eventually show a reasonable profit.

Accounts from Manchester are moderately cheerful and were it not for the unsettling effect due to the course of values in the raw material we think a distinct expansion in the turnover would take place, as any sign of steadiness is welcomed and greeted by greater activity.

SALES DANGEROUS

Broadly speaking, whilst seeing no particular reason for advising Bull operations as yet, and rather anticipating some further sagging in values during the next few weeks, we consider that the Bear side, except on unward turns, is becoming dangerous. We would rather suggest watching the situation with the idea of making initial purchases on any further material recessions. We fully realise that the factors existing are almost universally bearish and, as we have been writing in this circular for a long time past, we based our views on the effect of these. But the situation is now different, and as we have said above, price plays its part in the long run, and whilst it may easily still prove profitable to take advantage of upturns by operating on the Bear side, we think there is greater attraction in purchasing next crop options, if they fall below the five penny limit, but only when regarded in the nature of a long pull transaction, as we realise that patience will probably be necessary.'

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. December Highest 11-22 a.m.)	8.36+10
N. Y. December Lowest (10-33 a.m.)	8.32+05
Liverpool January Highest	4.81+11
Liverpool January Lowest	4.76+06

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Market showing decidedly more resistance to decline recommend purchases on all setbacks as when prices decline below 8 cents cotton goes into loan and therefore contracts become scarce also likelihood drastic crop control next season.

New York.—

Lack of hedge selling principal feature Cotton farmers holding for slightly better than loan level much preferring outright selling dont believe market will advance much further until bigger portion of crop distributed believe March July differences will slowly widen.

Market appears to have discounted immediate bearish factors recovery may be slow depending largely general business conditions however feel very strongly that prevailing levels offer attractive long terms investment opportunity.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool.—Calling special Session of Congress apparently encouraging holding. Trade buying likely to increase if market keeps steadier. Looks like irregular up and down market for the time being

Messrs. Ratilal and Co. have received the following cable:—

Garside.—Crop conditions indicate little change Prospect Japan expected reduce consumption substantially. Foreign production this season now estimated 2,03,50,000 instead 2,00,00,000. Domestic Mills beginning curtail.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from New York:—

"Foreign buying. Moderate pressure to sell. Basis firm. Do not think market will change much either way for the near future but in the long run feel best to buy if market declines."

"Market reflects less hedges due decreasing receipts and increasing loan deliveries possibly some hesitation upward but think ultimately higher."

NEW YORK COTTON.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.

October	.....
December	8.32
January	8.32
March	8.30
May	8.29
July	8.30
Middling Spot	8.62

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	.....
December	8.38
January	8.36
March	8.37
£ Middling Spot 11-00 a.m. RANGES.	8.38
October	.....
December	.....
January	.....
NOON CALL.	
October	.....
December	.....
January	.....

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

NEW YORK, Oct. 16

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	62,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	16,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	30,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	Nil

INDIAN COTTON

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 16

Broach, Fully Good (good staple),	3.98
Broach, Fine, Good (good staple),	4.13
Broach, Superfine (good staple),	4.28
Oomra, Fine, (No. 1 staple).	4.13
Superfine, (No. 1 staple),	4.28
Choice, (No. 1 staple),	4.43
Bengal, Good,	3.51
Fully Good,	3.61
Fine,	3.76

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 18

Following a small rise of 6 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 167 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 165/4 on selling by professional operators. There was a marked absence of support and the tone of the market was quiet.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of one point on parity with previous New York closing but Liverpool opened 7 points down which influenced further selling in the local market and prices declined to Rs. 164. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	165 0 0
Oomra D/J	145 12 0
Oomra March	147 8 0
Bengal D/J	131 8 0
Bengal march	132 0 0

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 14th/15th October	2.797
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	51,651
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	43,638
Increase	8,013

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Bengal F.G.	135/37
C. P. 1	154/57
C. P. 2	147/50
Arvi	147/50
Berar	137/40
Khandesh	132/35
Jalna/Sailu	132/35
Burwah Sanavad	135/39
Mathia	117/22
Broach Fine	156/60
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	190/92
Surat	200/02
Navsari	207/10
Kampala	320/23

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Oct. 18.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	16-10-37	This year.
Khandesh		613
Barsi and Nagar		497
Berar		6
Central Provinces		48
Total Oomras		1,164
Dholera		751
N.-W. Provinces		—
Sind-Punjab	225	9,743
Broach		1,406
Coompta and Dharwar		2,661
Westerns-Northerns		551
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		809
American		153
Egyptian, African and Sudan		34,595
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		26
Total	225	51,876

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 14th Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.	16-10-37	This year.
Europe	520	25,808
Japan and China	3,090	29,705
Coast Ports	90	10,647
Up-country by Rail		34,225
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		800
Total	3,610	101,185

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Oct. 18.

October	228.00—200
December	226.30—160
January	225.90—90
February	225.40—100
April	223.60—110

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Oct. 18.

December	61.40—70
January	61.70—40

Cotton Options

Bombay, Oct 18

Broach A/M	23	0	0
Teji on Rs. 200	3	8	0
Monthly Rs.	11	0	0
Teji difference Rs. 5	3	12	0
Mandi difference Rs. 5	3	12	0
Mandi diffeerence Rs. 10	2	0	0
Teji difference Rs. 10	2	0	0

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Oct. 18.

ASHMOUNI—	
GIZA—	
Spot	7.56+10.
October	6.20— 5.
November	6.23— 5.
January	6.70+ 6.
March	6.79+ 5.
May	6.89+ 5.
July	7.01+ 9.
UPPERS.—	
Spot	6.38+11.
October	6.15+20.
November	5.98+20.
January	5.95+10.
March	5.99+10.
May	6.04+11.
July	6.09+12.

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 16-10-37	3268000	2538000
Receipts yesterday 16-10-37	62000	49000
Exports to date 16-10-37	123500	1158000
Stock at Ports 15-10-37	2974000	2348000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-10-37	1902000	2098000
Stock at Liverpool 15-10-37	726000	740000
Visible Suppl; 15-10-37	6059000	5545000
Quantity in sight 15-10-37	5385000	4856000
Quantity out of sight 15-10-37	2207000	2363000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 18

On Saturday London gold prices declined 1/2d. to £7-0-4. London/Paris Exchange rate was / points down at 147.28. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.95 7/8. London spot silver prices declined 1/16d. to 23 15/16 while forward was unchanged at 19 7/8. Speculators were small sellers and the market was quiet. Montreal market closed unchanged and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1-2 17/64. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	34 11 9
Aso	34 12 0
Kartak	34 12 0

SILVER

Ready	50 14 6
Aso	50 15 0
Kartak	
9 0 15	

LONDON GOLD

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7-0-4

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Forward.	19-7/6
Spot.	19-15/16

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Oct. 16.

October	44.50
December	44.80
March	44.50

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Oct. 18.

The local market was quiet to-day with scattered selling. There was a marked absence of any demand foreign markets were easy on Saturday owing to disappointing demand and favourable crop advices. The market is likely to be irregular but we prefer sales of wheat on strong markets and purchases of linseed on weak market. Quotations were as under:—

Linseed May	8	6	3
Wheat January	5	7	3
Wheat May	5	4	6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Yellow Metal	42	0	0
Copper Sheets	45	8	0

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-5-0.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-1-0.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-3-0
Kesar Rs. 11-1-0.
Saraya Rs. 11-0-0.
Java spot F 7.00

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Oct. 16.

November £13-16-2

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Oct. 16.

October	104d.
December	102d.
March	99 3/8d.
May	98 7/8d

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Oct. 16.

December	dol 0.99 1/8.
May	dol 0.99 3/8.
July	dol 0.92 1/8.

Groundnuts & Seeds

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Groundnuts Feb.—			
Opening	33	4	0
Highest	33	4	0
Lowest	32	13	0
Closing	32	13	9
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	34	5	6
Highest	34	7	0
Lowest	34	5	0
Closing	34	6	9
Cottonseed Jan.—			
Opening	18	1	0
Highest	18	1	3
Lowest	18	0	0
Closing	18	0	6

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Wheat	1,968 Cwts.
Linseed	3,390 Cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	67 Cwts.
Gingellyseed	740 Cwts.
Groundnuts	1,311 Cwts.
Castorseed	1,557 Cwts.
Rice	56,135 Cwts.
Cottonseed	950 Cwts.
Mowraseed	469 Cwts.
Gram	3,740 Cwts.
Joowar	2,225 Cwts.
Maize	71 Cwts.
Barley	452 Cwts.
Bajree	809 Cwts.
Indian Sugar	1,291 Cwts.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 16.

October	4.73
November	4.76
December	4.78
January	4.7[illegible]
February	4.81
March	4.8[illegible]
April	4.8[illegible]
May	4.8[illegible]
June	4.8[illegible]
July	4.9[illegible]
August	4.93
September	4.94
October	4.96
Middling Spot	4.93

10-12 A.M. QUOTATIONS

January	4.77
March	4.82

EGYPTIAN COTTON

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 16

F. G. F. Spot 8.54 nominal.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 18.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 100
3 per cent 1951/54 101/8
4 per cent 1941 103/8
[illegible] per cent U P Bonds 97
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106/5
[illegible] per cent 1943 Bonds 108/4
4 per cent 1960/70 113/9
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/12
3 per cent 1939/44 105/6
3 per cent 1940/43 108/4
3 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan 108/4

TAX FREES.

[illegible] per cent 1954/63 [illegible]
5 per cent 1945/55 120/6
3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 113/12
3 per cent 1935 Mysore 123

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 109/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 108/8
3 per cent M Deb 1941 [illegible]
[illegible] per cent 1954 131
3 per cent K P [illegible] 1956 131

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 97/14 and improved to Rs. 98. Tone. Very steady.

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, Oct. 18.

B. C. RATES [illegible] D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling [illegible] D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 2 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK.—
Bank's selling T T 268 1/4
Bank's buying T T 266 1/4

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,102
Bank's buying T T 1,122

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 79 3/4

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 3/4

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 91 7/8

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.95.87 16th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 18th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/16 18th instant
Shanghai/London 1/2 17/64 18th instant.
Java/London 8.94 7/8 18th instant
London/Paris 147.28 16th instant.
London/Belgium 29.43 1/4 16th Instant
London/Switzerland 21.55 1/4 16th instant
London/Berlin 12.35 16th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 16th instant.
London/New York 4.95.95 16th instant
London/Amsterdam 8.97 1/8 16th instant
London/Italy 94.25 16th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady
Gold £7-0-4 1/2 15th instant
Gold £7-0-4 16th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 15th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 16th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 15th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 16th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 15th instant.
Silve New York Ready 45 16th instant
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 16th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 16th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone: Easy

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Oct. 18.

T. T. on London—
Previous closing 1.2 17/16
To-day's opening 1.2 17/16
Tone. Quiet but steady.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9-16 per cent to 9-16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5-8 per cent. to 11-16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate, 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate, 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Day's market loan, 1/2 per cent.

BURMA CORPORATION LTD.

Bawdwin Mine. The General Manager reports the following developments:—

CHINAMAN LODE

Intermediate Plus 20' Level.

East Crosscut 1510 South Section

215'—225'; width 10'; silver per ton 5.7 ozs; lead 20.7; Zinc 1.7; Copper Nil.

260'—265'; width 5'; silver per ton 11.2 ozs; lead 16.0; Zinc 0.4; Copper 0.8

315'—318'; width 3'; silver per ton 11.2 ozs Lead 26.8; Zinc 4.6; Copper 0.4

Intermediate 37' Level

West Crosscut 1800 South.

80'—85'; width 5'; silver per ton 15.1 ozs; lead 31.4; Zinc 2.2; Copper nil.

100'—107½'; width 7½'; silver per ton 9.0 ozs; Lead 10.9; Zinc 2.5; Copper 4.4.

117½—137½' width 20'; silver per ton 9.9 ozs; Lead 14.6; Zinc 14.1; Copper nil.

Lead, Zinc and Copper in per cent.

General Realising In Shares

COTTONS AND TEXTILES EASY

Scattered Support At Declines

BOMBAY: October 18.

In the absence of any fresh development, the local Share Bazar ruled easy to-day with general realising in Cotton Mills and Steel shares.

There were some unfounded rumours, as usual, on the floor of the Exchange.

It was said that the Textile Wage Enquiry Committee will increase wages by 10 to 15 per cent. and this will increase the cost of manufacture. The other rumour was that several Japanese steamers are arriving here with large quantities of cloth.

We do not see anything important in such rumours and they must be left alone.

The market opened steady and prices declined under general realising. But at the decline there was some support.

The Market is becoming well liquidated and the technical position of the market seems fairly good. We think, it will be advisable to buy on any further decline, as there is no change in the fundamental situation.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened to-day at Rs. 1,107 and declined to Rs. 1,092. At this level the market steadied and prices improved to Rs. 1,096, but under renewed selling prices declined to Rs. 1,076 but improved and closed at Rs. 1,085. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 310 and after declining to Rs. 300 closed at Rs. 303. Central India shares opened at Rs. 335 and eased off to Rs. 324. Kohinoors were quiet at Rs. 375, but Simplex shares after opening at Rs. 123 declined Rs. 5. Swadeshi Mills closed at Rs. 320.

Associated Cements opened at Rs. 158-12, but under scattered selling declined to Rs. 157-8. Andhra shares opened at Rs. 1,592 and declined to Rs. 1,587. Hydros were quiet at Rs. 161. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,473 and after declining to Rs. 1,460 closed at Rs. 1,465.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,685 and steadily sagged to Rs. 1,643, but rallied to Rs. 1,650. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 359-8 and improved to Rs. 360, but declined to Rs. 354. Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 787 and eased off to Rs. 776. Bellapurs were barely steady at Rs. 192 and Bombay Steams changed hands at Rs. 210.

TEXTILE SHARES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	395 0
250 BOM DYEING (Rs 25)	1085 0
100 CENTURY	303 12
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	323 12
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	266 14
100 Coorla (Rs 5)	117 3
250 Davin	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	477 8
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-10-3
100 Finlay (Rs. 2)	162 8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	243 12
100 Hindusan (Rs 7.5)	1790 0
100 Indore	77 8
100 Khatau (Rs. 3)	157 8
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 10)	375 0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	687 8
250 Madras United	11 1
1000 Morarji (nil)	1325 0
250 Model	55 0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	126 4
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	315 0
100 Osmanshahi (Rs. 1)	46 8
100 Phoenix (10)	348 2
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs 2)	70 0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2330 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	118 2
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	320 0
100 Swan (nil)	128 2
500 Vishnu (Rs 50)	1490 0
1000 Western (Rs. 10)	915 0
BANKS	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118 4
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30 11
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1547 8
25-500 [illegible] Conty (Rs. 7-8)	381 4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	142 8

STOCK EXCHANGE

New Vaida from 23rd Oct. Last day for Current Vaida 27th Oct.

100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	124 0
5 Union (As. 4)	5-9-6
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	157 8
INSURANCE	
100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	995 0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15-14
20 Mercantile	56 4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44 8
200 Oriental (125)	4,760
10-50 Vulcan (Rs. 8)	8 2
ELECTRIC	
100 Ahmedabad Old	157 8
100 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1587 8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	132 3
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182 3
10 Broach	14 0
100 Karachi (4)	271
100 Poona (4)	212 8
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	210 0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	161 4
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8-0)	1465 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	957 8
100 C. Province	97 8
100 Dhond Baramati	104 4
100 Gujarat	95 12
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Bombay Dyeing (1106/4) 1107 1092 1096 1090 1092 1076 1085
Century (313/12) 310 306 308 302 304 300 3[illegible] 303
Central India (335) 325 327 328 321 325 324
Kohinoor (380) 380 375 371 373 372 375
New Great (323/2) 323 318 321 316 315
Simplex (123/12) 123 120 117 116
Swadeshi (326/4) 327 320 317 320
Associated (158/4) 158/12 158 157/8
Andhra (1592/8 1592 1587
Tata Hydro (161/4) 161
Tata Power (X.D.1468/12) 1473 1475 1480 1467 1460 1465 1462 1465
Tram. Ord. (132/3) 132/8 132/3
T. Steel Dfd. (1680) 1685 1662 1672 1665 1667 1655 1656 1652 1655 1643 1652 1647 1650
T Steel Ord. (359/8) 359/8 360 358 359/8 355/8 356 353 354
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (167/4) 167/8
Bellapur (192/8) 193 191 193 192
B Steam (208/12) 208 210
B. Burma (782/8) 787 785 786 773 776

100 Pachora Jinner	94 [illegible]
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99 8
500 Tapti Valley	765 0
MININGS	
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	10 12
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	3 1
[illegible] Indian Iron and Steel (Re. 1)	51 4
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	75 4
50 [illegible] OFD (Rs. 36-3-6)	1,650 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 10)	354 0
MISCELLANEOUS	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	343 12
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6)	192 8
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs. 40)	876 4
250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	210 0
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 20)	776 4
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 8)	253 12
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-6-6
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	102 12
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	158 12
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	50 0
100 I. Radio Deld (12)	105 0
100 I. Radio Ord (15)	510 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	755 10
TIMBER CON (Rs. 2-15)	93 8
15 Scindia	28 0
25 Tata Oil Mill	33 12
PREFERENCE	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,505 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	285 0
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	74 0
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	547 8
6 1/4 p.c [illegible] const. 1st	107 0
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	101 8
7 p.c Tata Hydro	159 6
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power XD	1,532 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201 4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	167 8
7 p.c Vishnu	703 12
DEBENTURES	
3 3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101 0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	109 4
4 p.c Bom. Telephone	52 0
7 p.c Sholapur	83 12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	109 8

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List.)

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st September to 14th October 1937	50,252
Same time previous season	42,302
Exports from 1st September to 14th October 1937	

	1937	1936
United Kingdom	1,769	3,971
Continent	24,039	15,097
China	18,832	2,000
Japan	10,873	44,691
Coast Ports	10,647	1,319
U. S. A.	—	30
	66,160	66,208

Total exports by rail, 1st September to 14th October 1937	34,225
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September to 14th October 1937	91,150
Same period last year	86,782
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 14th October 1937	613,315
Same time last year	647,383

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts from Up-country from 1st September to 7th October 1937	112,462
Same time previous season	150,775
Total cotton shipped from 1st September to 30th September 1937	27,719
Same time previous year	84,906

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Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No B. 1065

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Before going in for any other product, well, just try a bottle of GONOMED-DRAGEES and get convinced a challenge cure against Gonorrhoea—Acute or Chronic

Stocked by all reliable Chemists.

Applications for Agencies in unrepresented areas invited

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1937.

Satyagraha Against Repression In Mysore

Karnatak Khasi Workers' Decision

Batch Of 300 Volunteers To Be Sent To Bangalore

HUBLI: October 17.

In view of the recent critical situation in Congress affairs created by the arrest of Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, in Mysore State, the Khasi workers of Karnataka, who assembled at the recent Dasara Exhibition at Dharwar, it is reliably understood, have decided upon offering Satyagraha in the various State areas.

It was further decided to send immediately to meet the situation, a batch of 300 volunteers for Satyagraha purposes in Bangalore, Mysore and other important towns in the State. Arrangements are being made to despatch them as soon as possible.

It is also stated that the Satyagraha campaign will be purely non-violent and will be directed against the specific grievance of the alleged repression of national activities.—A. P.

Palaces Built On Poverty

Jawahar On Princes And Frontier Problem

PESHAWAR, Oct. 17.

Pandit Jawaharlal in the course of his speech at Peshawar said:—

Recently the Frontier Province had got a Congress ministry. He did not know much about its achievements but the atmosphere had become free and the province had heaved a sigh of relief and a feeling of satisfaction was felt all round.

In addition to the British Government there were other obstacles in the way of freedom. The Princes think themselves the progeny of British Government and they stand in the way of India's freedom. Round the princes costly palaces there were famished and naked millions living in mud houses. These palaces were built with the sweat of the labour of these starving millions.

Two years ago a gentleman asked him in England what would befall India if the British army were suddenly withdrawn from the Indian frontiers. He replied that in that contingency there would be general rejoicings and illuminations on both sides of the borders.

PURSES FOR JAWAHARLAL

Rs. 4,000 Presented During Two Days' Tour

LAHORE, Oct. 16.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in the course of his two days' tour of the Punjab in the districts of Jullundur, Hoshiarpur, Sargodha and Malekwal, was presented with purses to the value of Rs. 4,000.—United Press.

NATIONAL EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN

Jawahar Addresses Frontier Women.

PESHAWAR, Oct. 16.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru met some national workers in the Islamia Club Hall and discussed provincial politics with them.

He received an address of welcome at a ladies public meeting held in the Arya Girls' School and addressed a crowded gathering of ladies on the subject of giving national education for children.

He proceeded to Utmanzai, the home of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, yesterday evening and passed the night in Fuligarhi village with Arabab Abdur Rahman. Pandit Nehru returned to Peshawar this morning and visited the Khyber Pass accompanied by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and his brother.

Pandit Nehru received an address of welcome from the Islamia College students.

Pandit Nehru was requested to become an honorary member of the Khyber Union of the College, to which he agreed.

At 6/30 p.m. to-day, Pandit Nehru addressed the Mission College students.

Pandit Nehru will be leaving to-morrow morning by the Frontier Mail.—A. P.

'Siyasat' Application Dismissed

LAHORE, Oct. 16.

A full bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of the Chief Justice, Justice Sir James Addison and Mr. Justice Din Mohd. dismissed the application filed by Syed Habib of the "Siyasat", for leave to appeal to the Privy Council against the order of the full bench confirming the order passed by the local Government demanding two securities of Rs. 3,000 each from the "Siyasat" and its press.

Their Lordships held that they had no jurisdiction to grant the leave.—United Press.

Betrayal Of Zanzibar Indians

Mombasa Meeting Pleads For Boycott Of Cloves In Kenya And Uganda

MOMBASA (By Mail).

The Secretary of the Indian Association writes:—

The following resolutions were unanimously passed at a public mass meeting of Indian citizens of Mombasa held on September 8 at the Mombasa public library under the auspices of the Indian Association.

"This meeting of Indian Citizens of Mombasa held under the auspices of Indian Association Mombasa extends its whole-hearted support to the brave struggle of the Zanzibar Indians against recent harsh legislations passed by Zanzibar Government in regard to cloves."

BETRAYAL OF ZANZIBAR INDIANS

"In the opinion of this meeting the Government of Indian and its supporters in the Legislative Assembly on the motion of adjournment moved by the Congress at Simla have betrayed the cause of Zanzibar Indians and this mass-meeting deplores the attitude of the Government of India and its supporters on the question.

APPEAL FOR BOYCOTT

"This meeting appeals to the Indian merchants of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika to support the struggle of Zanzibar Indians with all the means in their power and to refrain from buying cloves from Zanzibar either for local consumption or export purposes, until the final settlement of the dispute.

"This meeting appeals to the Indians of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika to extend financial help to the brave struggle launched by the Zanzibar Indians against the adamantine attitude of the Zanzibar Government.

"The meeting appealed to the Indian leaders of all parties in India to keep the overseas Indian question above party politics."

Bail Refused To Batliwala

Release Will Be Additional Burden On Officers Of Government

NELLORE, Oct. 18.

The Sessions Judge of Nellore rejected the bail application of S. S. Batliwala, a Bombay Socialist, who had been committed to the sessions on a charge of sedition. The Judge observed as follows:—

As the petitioner is not willing to refrain from seditious activities unless he is compelled by an order of this Court. The result of releasing him on bail must inevitably be that an additional burden is imposed on officers of the Government responsible for public order.—A. P.

ARMY OFFICER'S APOLOGY

Sequel To Pulling Down Of National Flag By Soldiers

NAINITAL, (By Mail).

The Commanding Officer in charge of the A.F.I. has tendered an apology in connection with the ugly incident which happened at Bhowali, when some cadets of the Bareilly contingent of the A.F.I. returning to camp on the morning of October 9, pulled down some National Flags that decorated streets on the eve of the Premier's arrival.

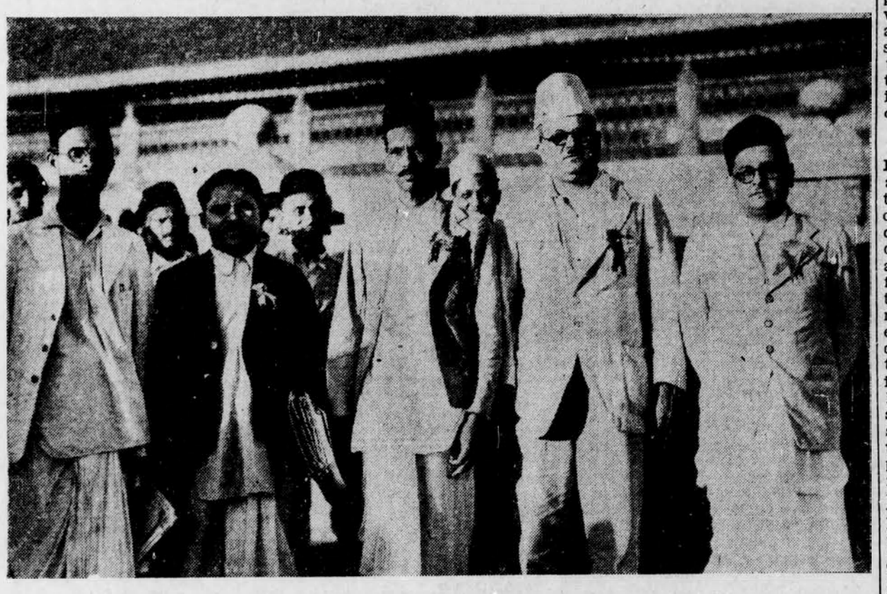
The following is the text of the Commanding Officer's letter of regret to the S.D.O., Nainital: "The Commanding Officer regrets the incident and had all the boys in question paraded, reprimanded and warned for the future."—United Press.

Vijayalakshmi Pandit At Benares

BENARES, Oct. 17.

The Hon. Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Minister for Local Self-Government, arrived at Benares Cantonment station at 8-30 this morning, and was accorded a rousing reception by a large number of officials, Congress workers and members of Municipal and District Boards.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi is putting up in Seva Ashram and granted interview to officials till 11 a.m.—United Press.



Mr. R. S. Ruikar (2nd from right) president-elect of the Bombay Provincial G. I. P. Railway Workers' Conference, photographed with members of the Reception Committee at Kalyan on Sunday.

League-Mahasabha United Front

JAWAHAR SPEAKS OUT

Fascist Development Behind Veil Of Religion And Culture In India

LAHORE: October 17.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who passed through Lahore to-day, was met by an Associated Press special correspondent at Wazirabad.

In an interview to him in connection with the Muslim League session at Lucknow, Pandit Nehru said:—

"I have nothing much to say regarding the recent happenings in the Muslim League, but, of course, I have found them interesting to read.

"As it happened I was busy during those days addressing scores of meetings in the Frontier Province, and the contrast between the quiet dignity and strength of these brave comrades of ours of the Frontier and the hysteria of the Muslim League was marked.

"The League seems to have overlooked the Frontier Province, which, census tells us, is almost entirely Muslim, and which the present-day facts as well as the past events tell us is solidly behind the Congress.

THE NEXT STEP

"I think the recent developments in the League and its alleged allied circles are interesting and significant. They signify the obvious fear of the growing strength of the masses under Congress leadership. The vested communal interests, representing small sections of both Hindus and Muslims, want to align themselves to resist that mass pressure. It is interesting to note that Bhai Parmanand has fully appreciated the Muslim League policy. The next step should obviously be for the Muslim League and the Hindu Maha Sabha in the sacred name of religion to join together to protect their respective vested interests against the incursion of the common people of India.

FASCIST DEVELOPMENT

"This is a Fascist development in India. Behind the veil of religion and culture there is this attempt to consolidate the vested interests of a group of privileged people. Indian politics are thus becoming clearly defined and the real issues are coming before the public. Unfortunately, even now to some extent the cloak of religion misleads many people. When the privileged group begin to fear the growth of nationalism and mass interests, they begin to act hysterically, and in an unbecoming manner. Perhaps this is inevitable, and we see it in evidence in the League session. But there are limits even to this, and when people in responsible positions talk arrant nonsense about a Hindu Raj and threaten deliberately to have a Muslim Raj, that limit has been passed. A wild talk of this kind does not influence events of course. But there are certain decencies which even a hysterical state cannot excuse.

MEDIEVALISM IN EXCELSIS

"The League and its supporters said clearly and definitely to-day for a division of India even on the political and economical plane into religious groups. Whatever this may be, it is an antithesis of the nationalist idea of unity of India. It is reduction to absurdity of the modern life and its problems. It is medievalism in excelsis. It is a thing which cannot happen because it is opposed to the logic of history. It is sad that there should be some people in India still who are so backward in their ideas as to think in this way. But perhaps it may be all to the good, for the issues are clearly defined by being put forward in this manner. This is the last ditch of political reaction. It may cause us some inconvenience, but millions in this country will jump over it, as they have jumped many other obstructions and march steadily to their cherished goal of an Independent and United India."

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is on his way to Allahabad wherefrom he proceeds to Bijnor on October 23 to address the voters of that constituency in favour of the Congress Candidate. He will later proceed to Calcutta to attend the Working Committee meeting.—A. P.

TOTAL PROHIBITION FOR BIHAR

Resolution Passed At Working Committee Meeting

PATNA, Oct. 18.

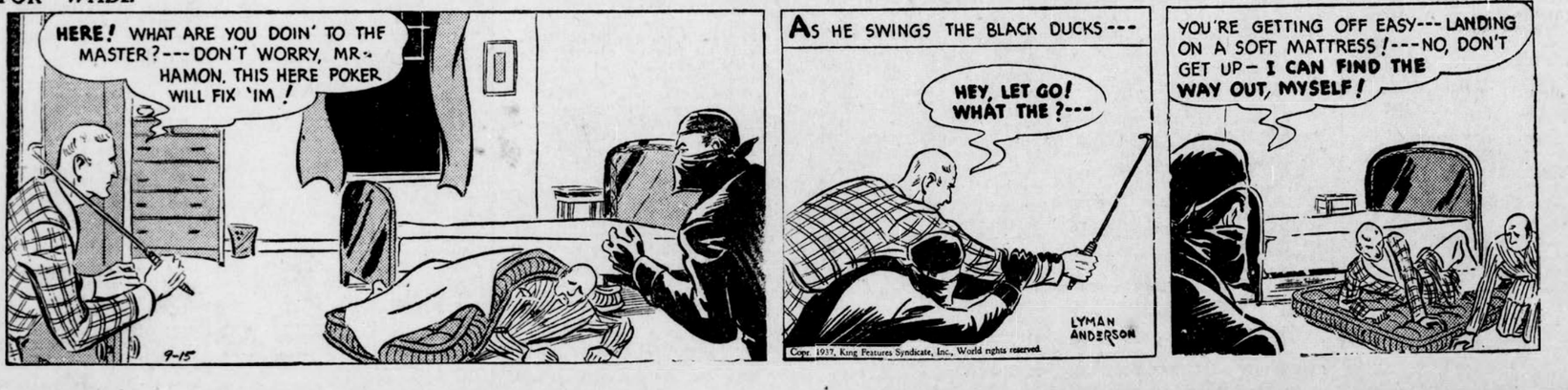
At the Working Committee meeting of the Behar Provincial Congress Committee, held under the presidentship of Babu Rajendra Prasad on the 16th, 17th and 18th October, important resolutions, authorising the President to prepare a scheme for total prohibition in the province, urging Government to enforce the reduction in rent in Khasmahal area proposed in the Government resolution, with immediate effect, and endorsing the decision of its Sugar Sub-Committee that sugar-cane price should not be fixed on the basis of sugar price, but it should be fixed on the basis of expenses on the production of sugar-cane and conveyance of the same upto the way bridge, adding some profit, were passed.

The Committee opined that, with the rise of sugar price, the sugar-cane price should be raised proportionately and, in no case it should be fixed at less than 6 annas.—United Press.

The opening ceremony of the Spiritual Brotherhood Mission was inaugurated by His Holiness Shiri Sant Chanan Singhjee Maharaj on 12th October 1937 at 5 p. m. in Sant Nagar, Lahore. Prof. Abdul Majid Khan, M. A., in a short speech laid emphasis on unity between the different communities. Dr. Yoegli Arya, M.A., Ph. D., explained the creed of the Mission.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — "THE BLACK"


HERE! WHAT ARE YOU DOIN' TO THE MASTER?---DON'T WORRY, MR. HAMON, THIS HERE POKER WILL FIX 'IM!
AS HE SWINGS THE BLACK DUCKS---
HEY, LET GO! WHAT THE?---
LYMAN ANDERSON
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YOU'RE GETTING OFF EASY---LANDING ON A SOFT MATTRESS!---NO, DON'T GET UP—I CAN FIND THE WAY OUT, MYSELF!

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